The Bombay Gazette

No. 10,516—NEW SERIES — BOMBAY :—MONDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1882.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
* HYDASPES ..	2981	500	G. Scrivener	22nd Nov.
L. OATHAY ..	2883	500	W. M. Robbie	24th ,,
— RASWAR ..	3021	450	H. G. Murray	1st Dec.
L. GWALIOR ..	2733	500	M. de Horne ..	8th ,,
— VENETIA ..	2726	500	A. B. Daniell..	15th ,,
L. LOMBARDY ..	2726	500	W. E. Breeze ..	22nd ,,
— MALWA ..	2959	500	G. W. Atkinson	29th ,, 1883.
L. BRINDISI ..	3542	550	R. B. Hazelwood	5th Jan.
— POONAH ..	3130	600	J. B. Chapman .	12th ,,
L. SUTLEJ ..	4194	750	A. H. Johnson .	19th ,,
— SURAT ..	3142	530	A. W. Adams ..	26th ,,
L. MIRZAPORE ..	3887	600	C. G. Perrins,	2nd Feby.

* Extra Steamer.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, and MARSEILLES, by every Mail. The Steamers marked L proceed direct to London calling at Plymouth. By the others passengers change vessels at Suez.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under THREE MONTHS—From date of departure to that of return.

	Via Brindisi, both ways.	Via Brindisi, one way.	Via London, both ways.
First Class ..	Rs. 900	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,050
Second Class.	Rs. 500	Rs. 550	Rs. 600
SIX MONTHS—			
First Class ..	Rs. 1,150	Rs. 1,200	Rs. 1,250
Second Class.	Rs. 600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1882.
ROME ..	5013	800	G. F. Cates ..	1st Dec.
THAMES ..	4161	750	W. D. Anderson ..	15th ,,
INDUS ..	3462	600	S. D. Shallard ..	29th ,, 1883.
ROHILLA ..	3500	600	W. Barrat ..	12th Jan.

Return Tickets are now issued :— 1st Class. 2nd Class.

	Rs.	Rs.
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months) ..	600	375
To Colombo and back (available for two months) ..	150	75
To Madras and back (available for two months) ..	210	105
To Calcutta and back do. ..	330	165
To Penang or Singapore and back (available for three months) ..	450	225
To Hongkong and back (available for three months) ..	630	390
To Shanghai or Yokohama and back (available for three months) ..	810	465

Passengers for Australia change steamers at Colombo.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 10th November, 1882.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
FLORIO & RUBATTINO'S
UNITED COMPANIES
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT.)

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th and on the 1st of each month, calling at LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, CATANIA, PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN and *vice versa*.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY

To all Ports of Italy.		To Marseilles.	
I Class ..	Rs. 500 Including	I Class ..	Rs. 500 Including
II do.....	340 } wines.	II do.....	350 } wines.
III do.....	150 } With food.	III do.....	155 } With food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge.
Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Hand-books. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be ascertained from the Agent.

The following or other fine first class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

CHINA, on Friday.....1st Dec. 1882.
MANILLA, on Friday.....15th Dec. 1882.
RAFFAELLO, on Friday.....1st Jan. 1883.

Passengers are carried on board free of charge from the Steamer launch, leaving Apollo Bunder.

Through Booking to London, available for 17 days.

From Genoa, by Express Train, Brighton Route Rs 80
" Turin, " " do. .. 58
From Naples, " " do. .. 130
" Ancona, " " do. .. 93

For Hand-books and further information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent,
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.
Bombay, Nov. 20, 1882.

FRENCH LINE.
CIE NATIONALE DE NAVIGATION.
Regular monthly steamers to Marseilles doing the run in 20 days.

THE new first-class steamer CANTON, 2,017 tons, 450 horse-power, will leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES direct on the 21st November.

She has, in common with the other new steamers of this Company, splendid accommodation for passengers, being built specially with a view to their comfort, the cabins being roomy and containing two berths only. She carries a Doctor.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
First class to Marseilles, Rs. 500 including wines.
Children under three years of age free of charge.
" " over three and under eight ½ charge.
" " eight and under twelve ¾ "
The Railway fares from Marseilles to London are as follows.
Via Calis and Dover (Mail).. ..... 1st class £ 7 5 0
Via Dieppe ..... 1st class „ 5 18 1
Passengers' heavy luggage will be delivered in London free of charge.
The above steamer will be followed by the Colombo leaving 24th December.
For further particulars apply to
Messrs. RALLI BROTHERS,
Agents.

ANCHOR LINE.
INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, AND MEDITERRANEAN.

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

	Tons.	H.P.	nl.	Comdrs.	About
s. s. CALIFORNIA	3,410	1,000		Wm. Young	28th Nov.
s. s. HISPANIA	...3,200	500		Jas. Harris	...18th Dec.
s. s. NUBIA	4,500	600		——	30th Dec.

* This steamer does not carry passengers.

BOMBAY TO MEDITERRANEAN.

s. s. AUSTRALIA	2,250	450	D. C. Cassell	9th Dec.
s. s. ALSATIA	2,850	800	J. D. Murray	...11th Jan.

To be followed by other 1st class steamers at regular intervals.

For rates and further particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, 16th October, 1882. Agents.

NOTICE.
LIVERPOOL IN 25 DAYS.
TO SAIL, NOVEMBER 26th.
"BRITISH KING"

THIS magnificent steel built steamer, 3,700 tons Register, is now lying at the M. Quay Berth in the Prince's Dock.

An inspection of her superior passenger accommodation is solicited.

Her state rooms are large, airy, and situated amidships, where least motion and vibration is felt.

She carries a Doctor and a Stewardess, and has a good piano.

Fare, Rs. 450.

Special terms for Families may be arranged on application to
KILLICK, NIXON & Co., Agents,
34, Elphinstone-circle.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY,
GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA,

BOOK PASSAGES by P. & O. and all other Steamer without charge for Commission.

NOTICES.

T. DREWET, M. E.
CONSULTING ENGINEER,
SURVEYOR AND VALUER,
ENGINEER'S GENERAL AGENT.
EXPERIMENTAL MACHINERY,
MECHANICAL DRAWING, TRACING, &c.
PLANS AND ESTIMATES PREPARED,
MACHINERY, &c., BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION
WORK INSPECTED DURING PROGRESS,
HEAVY MACHINERY LANDED AND FORWARDED.
Mills and Factories of all kinds estimated & contracted for.
AGENTS FOR
Charles Jones, successor to the late T. Hodgart, inventor of HODGART'S PRESSES.
Messrs. Thwaites Brothers, Engineers, Vulcan Works, Bradford, Yorkshire.
Armitage's Vegetative, for removing or preventing scale and corrosion in Boilers.
MANGANITE PAINTS,
PROCTOR'S MECHANICAL STOKER,
Universal non-conductant, for preventing loss of heat by radiation from exposed surfaces.
PENDULOUS DONKEY ENGINE.
No. 5, Apollo-street, Fort.

DEVARENNES & CO.
FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS, CARRIAGE BUILDERS, UPHOLSTERERS, CONTRACTORS, &c.
GOWALIA TANK ROAD, BOMBAY.

MESSRS. DEVARENNES and Co. beg to INVITE INSPECTION of their large STOCK of FURNITURE of every description.

They are prepared to furnish Palaces, Durbar Halls, Clubs, Houses and Rooms, and to decorate the same at moderate prices, and are now in a position to produce the latest and most elegant Paris and London designs of Carriages of every description.

SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS entered into with Up-country Residents for large Orders, and for temporarily furnishing and decorating Durbar Halls, Ball and Reception Rooms.

FURNITURE SUITES sold on the Hire system, i. e. Monthly Payments.

Catalogues and Estimates forwarded on application.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED),
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR LONDON.

S. S. GOA, 1,906 Tons, on 26th November, calling at Kurrachee, Aden, Suez, Port Said, Algiers and Lisbon.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. ELLORA, 2,000 Tons, on THURSDAY, 23rd November, 1882, at 4 p. m., calling at Ratnagherry, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimilipatam, Gopaulpore and False Point. Ports are called at in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. EUPHRATES, 807 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 22nd November, 1882, at 4 p. m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. GOA, 1,906 Tons, on 26th November, 1882, at 10 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILIMANE AND DELAGOA BAY.

S. S. PACHUMBA, 867 tons, on MONDAY, 27th November, 1882.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 18th November, 1882. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REDUCED PRICES.
TREACHER'S
SOLUBLE DIETETIC COCOA,
Highly nourishing and easy of digestion.
1 lb. tins, Cash As. 14.
TREACHER AND COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THE NEW SEASON'S CROP, 1882.
TREACHER AND COMPANY'S
ROUGH SCOTCH OATMEAL,
in 2 lb. Tins.
CASH EIGHT ANNAS.
TREACHER & Co., (Limited).

DOUBLE WALL ICE JUGS,
PRESERVE ICE OR ICED DRINKS,
CHAMPAGNE OR CLARET CUP,
At a low temperature for a much longer period than other vessels. The constant use of them is attended with
GREAT CONVENIENCE AND ECONOMY.
Richly plated with silver, in a variety of handsomely chased patterns, from Rs. 25 to Rs. 60.
TREACHER & Co. (Limited.)

RICHMOND SMOKING MIXTURE,
FRESH AND FRAGRANT.
RICHMOND SMOKING MIXTURE,
½ lb. TINS, 12 As. CASH.
RICHMOND SMOKING MIXTURE.
TREACHER & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER & CO.'S
SUPERFINE VIOLET POWDER.
A combination of Farinaceous and Vegetable Ingredients, scented with agreeable and attractive Perfumes.

IT is perfectly innocuous to the most delicate skin, well adapted as an absorbent Powder for
TOILET AND NURSERY USE IN INDIA.
and guaranteed to be
Free from Arsenic or other injurious matter.

	Cash.	Credit.
Small size Tins.....	Rs. 0 10	0 12
Double-size Tins.....	„ 1 0	1 2

TREACHER and COMPANY, Ld.,
Pharmacists and Dispensing Chemists.

DRY PLATE PHOTOGRAPHY.
THOMAS'S
EXTRA RAPID "PALL MALL" PLATES

		Cash Prices
4½ × 3½	per doz.	Rs. 2 4
5 × 4	„	„ 3 4
6½ × 4¾	„	„ 5 0
7½ × 4¾	„	„ 5 8
8½ × 6½	„	„ 9 0
9 × 7	„	„ 10 0
10 × 8	„	„ 13 0
12 × 10	„	„ 19 0

Special Terms by the Gross.

Sole agents for the Bombay Presidency,
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

REDUCED PRICES.
"EXCELSIOR"
TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES.
SIX PRIZE MEDALS,
VIENNA, 1873 ; PHILADELPHIA, 1876 ; PARIS, 1878 ;
and a Special Concession from the French Government for sale at the Exposition of 1878.

TESTIMONIALS.

DR. JOS. HYRTL, University of Vienna, Austria.
"'Excelsior' I declare to be the BEST TOBACCO I ever smoked."
SIR HENRY HALFORD, Leicester, England.—"Your 'Excelsior' Tobacco is so good that I shall be obliged if you will send me ONE HUNDRED POUNDS of it."
MARQUIS DE LE COUTEULX DE CAUMONT, Paris, France.—"The 'Excelsior,' I do not hesitate to say, is the BEST TOBACCO I ever smoked."

	Cash Prices.
"Excelsior" Tobacco, in 4 oz. Packets, Flake cut for Pipes	Re. 1 0
"Excelsior" Tobacco, in 4 oz. Packets, Long cut for Cigarettes or Pipes	1 0
"Excelsior" Cigarettes, in boxes of 100	2 0

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

APERIENT
MINERAL WATERS.
THESE natural remedies are now universally recommended in cases of Chronic Constipation, Liver and other functional disorders. The following, imported from the Springs, are warranted fresh :—

VICTORIA WATER (Hungarian) recommended by Professor Douglas Maclagan, Dr. Oscar Widmann, "The Practitioner," The Hospital Staff, Lemberg, and many other authorities. Litre bottles Re. 1-4 each.

HUNYADI JANOS WATER (Hungarian) recommended by Drs. Marion Sims, Scanzoni, Macnamara, Roberts, Macpherson, Aitkin, and others, and by the Medical Press. Imperial pints Re. 1, quarts Re. 1-4 each.

TARASP WATER (Swiss) recommended by Dr. Pernisch and by several eminent Bombay Practitioners. Imperial pints 14 annas each.

FRIEDRICHSHALL WATER (German) recommended by Sir Henry Thompson, the late Baron Liebig, and the Medical Press. Imperial pints 12 as. each.

CARLSBAD WATER (Austrian) recommended by the Medical Press and Faculty generally. Litre bottles Re. 1 each.

For Antacid and Alterative Mineral Waters see Catalogue.

KEMP AND CO., Limited,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
LESSEE AND MANAGER...HERR BANDMANN.
STAGE MANAGER.....MR. AUGUSTUS GLOVER.

TO-NIGHT ! (NOV. 20.) TO-NIGHT ! !
SECOND AND LAST NIGHT
OF THE
GREAT EMOTIONAL SPIRITUALISTIC,
and Psychological Drama in 4 acts, entitled
THE
CORSICAN BROTHERS
OR THE
DUEL IN THE SNOW.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, NOV. 21.
5TH GRAND FASHIONABLE
SUBSCRIPTION NIGHT.
The Musical Drama in 3 acts, entitled
MARITANA
OR
DON CÆSAR DE BAZAN
HERR BANDMANN AS DON CÆSAR
MISS BEAUDET AS LAZARILLO
The rest of the characters by the
LONDON COMPANY.
For introduction of songs see advertisement to-morrow.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 22,
by demand, and in consequence of its great success,
EAST LYNNE.

THURSDAY,
PATIENCE.
Prices as usual.
BOX OFFICE AT THE THEATRE.
Reservation of Seats at SOUNDY & Co.'s.

CUMBALLA HILL, TO LET, unfurnished, half of large BUNGALOW, Drawing and Dining-room and 3 Bed-rooms. Open to the Sea and extensive views of Native Town and Harbour. Good Stabling. Rent, Rs. 130. Apply to "B.," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

WANTED, a GRADUATE of the University of Bombay to assist at the CATHEDRAL HIGH SCHOOL in the higher standards. Stipend according to qualifications and number of hours given. Apply to the Rev. F. L. SHARPIN, 29, Marine Lines.

THE KAISER-I-HIND GOLD-MINING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ADJOURNED EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Offices, of the Company, 8, Churchlane, within the Fort, on MONDAY, the 20th inst., at 3 p.m. (Bombay time).

C. H. B. FORBES & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.
Bombay, 18th November, 1882.

NOTICE.—The PARTNERSHIP which existed between the undersigned in the business of cloth merchants carried on under the name and style of CAWASJEE TEMOOLJEE has been DISSOLVED as from the 30th of Asoo Vud Samvat year 1938 (10th of November, 1882) so far as the said SORABJEE COWASJEE is CONCERNED, he having retired therefrom as from that date. The business will as from date be carried on under the same name and style by the undersigned, BURJORJEE COWASJEE, MERWANJEE COWASJEE, and RUSTOMJEE COWASJEE.—Dated this 17th day of November, 1882.

BURJORJEE COWASJEE.
SORABJEE COWASJEE.
MERWANJEE COWASJEE.
RUSTOMJEE COWASJEE.

NOTICE.
SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Superintendent, Government Central Press, up to noon of the 9th proximo, for supplying the Press, for twelve months ending 31st December, 1883, with MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES of INDIAN MANUFACTURE and PRODUCE, of which samples can be seen on application to the Superintendent, from whom Forms of Tender can be obtained. The Form of Agreement can also be seen at the Central Press.

2. Each Tender must be marked outside "Tender for the supply of Miscellaneous Articles to the Government Central Press," and must be accompanied by a deposit of Rupees (50) Fifty, which will be forfeited in the event of delay or evasion on the part of the Tenderer in executing the Agreement if his Tender is accepted.

3. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

JOHN NUGENT,
Acting Secretary to Government.
Bombay, 18th November, 1882.

NOTICE.
SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Superintendent Government Central Press, up to noon of the 9th proximo, for the purchase from the Press of DIRTY WA-TE PAPER and CLEAN PAPER CUTTINGS during the twelve months ending 31st December, 1883. The Form of Agreement can be seen and forms of Tender can be obtained on application to the Superintendent of the Press.

2. Each Tender must be marked outside "Tender for the purchase from the Government Central Press of Dirty Waste Paper and Clean Paper Cuttings," and must be accompanied by a deposit of Rupees (100) one hundred, which will be forfeited in the event of delay or evasion on the part of the Tenderer in executing the Agreement if his Tender is accepted.

3. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

JOHN NUGENT,
Acting Secretary to Government.
Bombay, 18th November, 1882.

RAJPUTANA MALWA RAILWAY.
(INCLUDES THE RAJPUTANA STATE RAILWAY, THE HOLKAR STATE RAILWAY, AND THE SINDIA NEEMUCH STATE RAILWAY.)
TENDER FOR THE NERBUDDA BRIDGE TOLLS FOR THE YEAR 1883.

TENDERS are invited for FARMING the TOLLS levied on Carts, Animals, and Passengers, making use of the sub-way of the Nerbudda River Railway Bridge at Mortakka. The tolls are levied according to a sanctioned tariff, which may be seen in the Office of the Examiner of Accounts of the above Railway, Ajmere. All expenses on account of establishment, tickets, &c., will be borne by the party tendering, and one-twelfth of the amount tendered for will have to be paid into the Examiner's Office every month on the last working day of the month.

The tender is to be for one year, i.e., from 1st January to 31st December, 1883, and a cash deposit of Rupees 1,000 is to be lodged with the Manager, which will be forfeited in the event of non-fulfilment of engagements.

Tenders should be sent into the Manager's Office not later than the 12th December next, and should be sealed and superscribed "Tender for Nerbudda Bridge Tolls."

W. S. S. BISSET, Major, R.E.,
Manager, R. M. R.
Ajmere, dated 15th November, 1882.

WHEREAS INCONVENIENCE has been caused to persons RETURNING to BOMBAY by SEA from Shooting expeditions on the other side of the harbour, through the detention of their guns by Customs Officers stationed at the landing places in Bombay, whose duty it is to detain, pending inquiry, all fire-arms without passes that may be landed from the harbour, arrangements have been made for the issue of Custom House passes by the Preventive Officers on duty at the undermentioned places, viz. :—

Apollo-bunder.
Town-bunder.
Carnac-bunder.
Mazagon-bunder.
Prince's Dock.

These passes may be obtained without payment on application at the Customs Offices at the Bunders just mentioned, and on production of the gun, or guns, to be passed, before they are waterborne from Bombay. They must be delivered up to the Preventive Officer at the Bunder at which the guns are landed.

General passes covering guns for a whole year may also be obtained on application to the Collector of Customs at the Custom House.

C. B. PRITCHARD,
Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Akbari.
Bombay, Custom House, 17th November, 1882.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.
NEW BOOKS.

	Rs.	a.
Diprose's Annual for 1883	0	12
Farrar's Early Days of Christianity, 2 vols ...	15	0
Bristowe's Practice of Medicine. New Edition, 1882	13	4
Across Country ; by Wanderer, Illustrated ...	8	0
Queen Elizabeth's Royal Book of Fate, New Edition, 1882	3	12
Wilson's Inorganic Chemistry, Revised ; by H. G. Maden	2	8
Sweetheart and Wife, a Novel ; by Lady Howard	2	4
Ferguson's Electricity, Revised ; by J. Blyth, 1882	2	4
Reeves Human Morphology, a Treatise on Practical and applied Anatomy... ...	15	12
English Men of Letters, Sterne ; by H.D. Traill	1	8
Warrior Kings from Charlemagne to Frederick the Great ; by Lady Lamb ...	3	12
Through Syberia ; by H. Lansdell, Illustrated.	9	8
Illustrated London Almanac for 1883	0	12
Russian Empire, Historical and Descriptive ; by J. Geddee	3	12
Life and Speeches of the Right Hon. John Bright ; by G. B. Smith, Popular Edition ...	4	12
Sir Roger DeCoverley, reprinted from the "Spectator," Illustrated	3	12
Hindu Philosophy, The Bhagvad Gita, or Sacred Lay ; by J. Davies...	5	8
Belt and Spur, Stories of the Knights of the Middle Ages from the old chronicles, coloured Illustrations	3	4
Philosophy of the Upanishads, and Ancient Indian Metaphysics ; by A. E. Gough ...	5	12
Christowell, a Novel ; by R. D. Blackmore ...	3	12
The Battery and the Boiler ; by R. M. Ballentyne	3	4
Nobody ; by the Author of "Wide, Wide World"	2	4
Friar Hilderbrands Cross ; by M. A. Paul ...	3	4
Quiver for 1882—Volume	4	12

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S
EXHILARATING STILL HOCKS.

Cash. per dozen Quarts. Rs. as.	IMPORTANT REDUCTION IN PRICES	Cash. per doz. Pints. Rs. as.
42 0...	Still... ... HOCK ... ...Johannisberg ...	23 0
	The perfection of Hocks, highly aromatic flavour and deliciously soft to the taste.	
33 0...	Still... ... HOCK ... ...Liebfraumilch ...	17 8
	A very fine full-bodied wine, rich in character and flavour.	
27 0...	Still... ... HOCK ... ...Nierstein ...	14 8
	Very soft and good bouquet.	
23 0...	Still... ... HOCK ... ...Hochheimer ...	12 8
	A very agreeable dinner wine, soft, delicate, and fine.	
23 0...	Still... ... HOCK ... ...Steinwein ...	...
	Of great fragrance, pure and natural.	
20 0...	Still... ... HOCK ... ... Geisenheim ...	11 0
	Good flavour and body, can be well recommended.	
17 0...	Still... ... HOCK ... ... Laubenheim ...	9 8
	A light dinner wine, sound, and adapted for general use.	

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NEW COLLARS.
Made to our special order for Eastern Wear.
A large stock in the Newest Shapes has just been received, and an inspection is invited.

ASQUITH & LORD,
BOMBAY.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW-STREET.
JUST RECEIVED A SELECT PARCEL OF THE CELEBRATED
JAVA CIGARS,
IN SPLENDID CONDITION,
Possessing the specially distinctive character of the HAVANNAH, with its accompanying FLAVOR and BOUQUET, they will recommend themselves to smokers desirous of a mild, free, and fragrant Cigar.

		Per 1000.	Per box of 100.
FLOR DE JAVA,	"COQUETTAS"	...Rs. 30	Rs. 3 8
Do.	"TRABUCOS"	... „ 35	„ 4 0
Do.	"ROYALS"	... „ 40	„ 4 8

Samples forwarded on application.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CASH BAZAARS.
ESTABLISHED 1878.
FURTHER REDUCTION IN PRICES.
FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

	Rs.	a.
Lace Curtains, 3½ yds. long	3	15 per pair.
Curtain Bands, all colours	1	15 „
GIMPS FRINGES AND FANCY NAILS.		
Table Napkins, sizes 20 by 20 ..	2	15 per doz.
„ „ Linen, „ 6 by 8 ..	1	4 „
„ Cloths, „ 7 by 4...	1	7 each.
„ „ „ 8 by 4...	1	12 „
„ „ Linen, „ 8 by 4...	4	8 „
„ „ „ „ 10 by 12 ..	14	8 „
„ „ „ „ 8 by 4...	1	14 per yd.
„ „ „ „ 10 by 4...	1	14 „
Sheetings „ ½ in. wide	0	10 „
„ „ 94 in.	1	2 „
„ Double Twill	0	15 „
Huckaback „ 27 in.	0	6 „
Linen, White Union „ 4 by 4...	0	6 „
„ pure „ 4 by 4...	0	11 „
Dieper Cotton	6	0 „
„ superior.....	0	12 „

	Rs.	a.
Towels, Royal Turkish	3	12 per doz.
„ „ Bath	3	6 each.
And extensive assortments of all kinds.		
Flannels, Set-pink and Grenet	10	0 per yd.
„ White	0	9 „
„ Saxony	0	15½ „
„ Saxony Twill	1	4 „
„ Silk and Wool	1	15 „
Blankets 5 by 4 Crib	4	15 per pair.
„ 6 by 4	5	15 „
„ 8 by 4 White Wool	4	8 „
„ 9 by 4 „	5	12 „
„ 10 by 4 „	7	8 „
„ White Silk	2	14 each.
„ coloured all sizes .....from	1	8 „
Cretonnes, handsome patterns.. „	0	8 per yd.
Table Napkin Rings..... „	0	8 each.
Table Mat, round or square ..... „	0	5 „
„ Oval..... „	0	6 „

If you want the latest Novelties from Europe, the CHEAPEST PRICES in India, combined with superior qualities, go to

BOMBAY CASH BAZAARS,
HEAD ESTABLISHMENT, ESPLANADE CROSS-ROAD, CRAWFORD-MARKET,
BRANCH. RAMPART-ROW AND CHURCH-GATE-STREET,
AND
BOMBAY.

CHRISTMAS 1882.

HAMILTON AND CO.
RESPECTFULLY invite VISITORS to Bombay to INSPECT their Establishment where their INDIAN MANUFACTURES in the PRECIOUS METALS may be leisurely examined.

THE COLLECTION includes choice specimens of NATIVE and EUROPEAN ART, and will be found interesting to the SIGHT-SEER and CONNOISSEUR as well as to the BUYER.

NEW SPECIALITE FOR THE SEASON.
"THE "ROYAL DEVON WARE."
A large assortment of which is now on view in our Show-room with a great variety of other Novelties.

VISITORS incur no obligation to purchase.

HAMILTON & CO.,
JEWELLERS AND SILVERSMITHS,
RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY,
NEXT TO NATIONAL BANK.

NOTICE.
Messrs. HENRY S. KING CO., LONDON,
EXECUTE ORDERS FROM ANY
CO-OPERATIVE STORE CATALOGUE,
Supplying Goods of equal quality and at the same prices. No Orders executed unless accompanied by a full Remittance.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.
TENDERS will be received by the Resident Engineer, Port Trust, till MONDAY, 27th instant, at noon, for the SUPPLY of 500 tons Cadzow, Watson's Hartley, Graham's Lowrigg, or other approved SCOTCH COAL, and 500 tons Davison's West Hartley to arrive or lately arrived, delivered and stacked at Malet Bunder.

The rate to include all charges. The coal to be subject to the approval of the Resident Engineer, who does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

JOHN McMEEKIN,
Elphinstone Bunder, 15th Nov. 1882. Storekeeper.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS AND CO.
BEG to draw attention to their new and splendid consignment of
PRESENTATION WATCHES
IN GOLD AND SILVER CASES,
of which they solicit an early inspection.

GENTLEMEN'S HUNTING OR CRYSTAL-FACED KEYLESS LEVER WATCHES IN HEAVY 18 CARAT GOLD CASES WITH COMPENSATION BALANCE WHEEL ...Rs. 250, 275, 300.

The same of the FINEST and STRONGEST make ... ... „ 350, 380, 400, 425

FULL CHRONOMETER AND CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES... „ 390, 450, 500, 550

These watches have been tested in a lighted stove and also under freezing point, and their maximum variation is LESS than thirty seconds PER MONTH IN ANY TEMPERATURE.

LADIES GOLD WATCHES in the PRETTIEST and NEWEST designs at from ...Rs. 50 to 600.

THE HIGHER PRICED WATCHES ARE TASTEFULLY MOUNTED WITH DIAMONDS.

FOR CATALOGUE OF SILVER WATCHES, JEWELLERY, SILVER AND PLATEDWARE SEND TO

C. MARCKS & CO.,
1, East-street, POONA.
43, Rampart-row, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MORLEY HALL THEATRE, COLABA.
GRAND AMATEUR THEATRICAL PERFORMANCE.
Immense Success ! !
TO-NIGHT (STAFF-NIGHT) will be reproduced
Under the Patronage of General Carnegy and the Officers of the Garrison,
The laughable Musical Triumviretta, entitled
COX AND BOX,
by Messrs. F. C. BURNAND and ARTHUR SULLIVAN, after which the highly amusing Melodramatic absurdity by H. J. BYRON, entitled
THE ROSEBUD OF STINGING NETTLE FARM
Doors open at 9 p.m. to commence at 9-30 p. m. precisely (Madras time.) Prices of Admission as follows :—Reserved seats Rs. 2 each ; First seats, Re. 1 each ; Second seats, 8 annas each ; Back seats, 4 annas each. Tickets for reserved seats may be obtained on application to Lieut. H. PERRY, R. A., Colaba.

WANTED, by a firm of London Export Merchants, whose Goods are already well introduced in the Indian market, an active AGENT to collect Indents. Only those having an established connexion in the Manchester Hardware and Fancy trades, and who can give first-class references on European Merchants or Bankers need apply. Address Merchant, care of Messrs. GEO. STREET and Co., 30, Cornhill, London, England, stating full particulars of commission required.

IMPORTANT TO HEALTH.
STANDARD
AERATED WATERS.
PERFECT FILTRATION.
TREATMENT BY CHARCOAL.
BOTTLES RENDERED ABSOLUTELY CLEAN.
FACTORY OPEN TO INSPECTION.

ONE important point to which attention is invited in the character of these waters is their
SUPERIOR PURITY.
The Company have in operation what is without doubt the very best system of filtration and charcoal treatment, rendering the water for potable purposes *absolutely pure*. Their bottle cleaning arrangements embrace special machinery for securing final *purity* before filling.

	Dozen.
Soda Water (5 grains per bottle)	Rs. 0 12
Potash Water (British Pharmacopœia)	
Aerated Water (Eau de Seltz of the Cafes.)	
Medicinal Soda Water (British Pharmacopœia)	„ 1 0
Artificial Seltzer Water	
Lemonade	„ 1 0
Tonic Water	
Ginger Ale	All of superior quality and delicate flavour.
Gingerade	
Bottles charged Extra but allowed for on return	„ 2 0

KEMP & CO., Limited,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 18.

We have had an extremely quiet day in business, the dulness usual to Saturday being added to by the absence of Reuter's telegrams which, owing to an interruption on the Teheran line, did not come until after business hours. Now that they have come to hand, however, they do not report any fluctuations of material interest with the exception, perhaps, of a rise in Bar Silver from 5-5-16d. to 51 7-16d. per oz., some private messages say to 51 9-16d. Consols are ⅛ lower at 102. French Rentes are unchanged. Indian 4½ per cent, Rupee paper is ¼ higher.

In the produce markets the only alteration noted is an advance of 3d. in Linseed.

Cotton yesterday in Liverpool closed steady, Surats firm, the day's sales being estimated at 12,000 bales, of which 2,000 were Surats. Spot prices are unchanged all round, but arrivals are 1-64d. higher. In New York ready Mid Uplands remain at 10½ cents, but March shipment has advanced from 10-58 to 10-65 cents per lb.

We subjoin our usual weekly comparisons of the statistical position of the staple. The Liverpool stock has been increased by 23,000 bales and the total visible supply by 140,000 bales. The American receipts are maintained on a very large scale for the season, to date the total is now 113,000 bales over last and only 175,000 bales behind the year before. Judging from the way the figures are going, a crop of 6¾ millions may be looked upon as pretty well a certainty, 6¾ millions as very probable, but in the meantime we should be inclined to consider 7 millions as rather an outside figure, although some people adhere to that as their estimate, both in Liverpool and America.

The American Crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous seasons :—

	1882.	1881.	1880.
Week's receipts	257,000	218,000	255,000
„ Exports to U. K.	87,000	66,000	54,000
„ „ to Continent	74,000	45,000	60,000
Total receipts since 1st Sept.	1,930,000	1,817,000	2,105,400
„ Exports to U.K. „	625,000	560,700	692,650
„ „ to Cont. „	424,000	314,100	371,700
„ Stock in the ports	620,000	826,000	861,000

The total visible supply of cotton for all Europe on the 17th instant affords the following comparison with the two previous years :—

	1882.	1881.	1880.
Total supply of all kinds	2,320,000	2,377,000	2,302,66
Do. do. Surats	527,000	296,000	242,88

For the United Kingdom only the figures are :—

Stock in Liverpool	445,000	385,390	441,450
„ London „	77,000	42,230	47,33
American Afloat	210,000	173,000	217,000
East Indian „	68,000	42,000	22,000
	839,000	742,610	727,780
Price of Mid-Uplands	6¼d.	6¾d.	6 7-16d.
Do. Fair Dhollera	3 15-16d.	4 7-16d.	4¾d.
Difference		2 3-16d.	2 3-16d. 1 9-16d.

Exchange has shown decided firmness to-day owing to the rise in Silver in London, and rates are 1-32nd higher all round. There has not been much business done at the advance, however, as sellers do not seem disposed to do more as far as movement is likely to be permanent. We quote :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 7 25-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 7 23-32d.	„
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 7 15-16d.	„
Credits, 4 „ „	1s. 8d.	„
Francs, 3 „ „	210¼	„

On Calcutta we quote demand drafts at ⅛ prem: 60 days' sight at 9-16d. per cent. discount.

Government Paper to-day has been distinctly firmer, and we quote at the close, Fours, Rs. 99½ ; Fours-and-a-half, Rs. 106¾. The upward turn arises with Calcutta, where there appears to be a good demand at higher values, but why it should be so with money there in active request it is difficult to say.

The Share Market is quiet with very little doing. Amongst Press Companies there is a drop of Rs. 5 in Berars and Rs. 2½ in Motussils. Spinning and Weaving Companies are generally Rs. 5 lower all round.

Cotton to-day has been firm, and prices for new Crops are Re. 1 higher all round with buyers but few sellers at the rise. We [illegible] tions :—

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTHS

COMBRIDGE—November 18, at the Bird Cage, Middle Colaba, the wife of Arthur J. Combridge, of a son.

FOWLER—November 17, the wife of G. W. Fowler, of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

GARDEN—November 13, at Monghyr, Henry Garden, late Indigo Planter, aged 73 years.

HARRINGTON—November 12, at Sultanpore, the wife of H. Harrington, of a daughter.

KIDDLE—November 14, at Agra, the wife of J. C. Kiddle, of a son.

MORGAN—November 15, at Royapooram, Madras, the wife of H. R. Morgan, of a son.

McCHERRY—October 26, at Dinapore, Bengal, the wife of Surgeon R. T. McCherry, A. M. D., of a son.

O'BRIEN—November 13, at Barabanki, the wife of Surgeon B. O'Brien, of a daughter.

SPANKIE—November 12, At Jhansi, the wife of Lieutenant J. P. W. Spankie, B. S. C., of a son.

WARRINGTON—November 15, at Jubbulpore, the wife of C. Lloyd Warrington, 13th Regiment, M. I., of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

COPPIN—BOYD—November 13, at Barrackpore, Richard Francis Coppin, Assistant Engineer, P. N. S. Railway, to Edith Elizabeth, daughter of J. Pringle Boyd, of London and Buenos Ayres.

DEATHS.

JACKSON—November 9, at Mercara, Arthur Jackson, aged 30 years.

PRIDEAUX—November 12, at Jeypore, George, the infant child of Lieut. and Mrs. Prideaux.

THACKERAY—November 15, at Roorkee, of Pneumonia, Constance Ellen, daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel E. T. Thackeray, R. E., aged 4 years and 10 months.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, the best Family Aperient Medicine, without Mercury.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, effectual in all Liver Complaints.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Sick Headaches and Giddiness.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Costiveness and Stomach Pains.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Indigestion and Flatulency.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS may be taken at all times without restraint from business or pleasure.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS should be kept ready at hand, as a dose of Aperient Medicine given in time, will frequently prevent a severe illness.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for "DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS," in a green bottle, wrapped in green paper, and having the name and address, "WILLIAM LAMBERT, 8, King William Street, Charing Cross," engraved on the Government Stamp. Do not, therefore, purchase without seeing the Government Stamp over the cork of the bottle.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS. W. LAMBERT, LONDON, ENGLAND.

. "AGENTS WANTED."

DEFECTIVE OR FAILING SIGHT.

THE sense of sight is so valuable that the importance of perfect and carefully adjusted spectacles can scarcely be overrated ; although the wearing of single eye-glasses should be strictly avoided, we have the highest medical authority, confirmed by daily experience, that imperfect glasses, together with the haphazard plan of selection generally employed, are frequent causes of irremediable injury to the sight ; and as no present economy can compensate for such a loss, it behoves all to be cautious how they are tempted to use the common pebble or glass spectacles now so generally sold.

For the guidance of those who are using pebble spectacles, it may be stated that when the pebbles are cut *against* the grain, and not polished on the principle which has been universally declared the most appropriate, based on scientific research, they are injurious to the sight.

Unadvisable as the unnecessary wearing of spectacles undoubtedly is, the common notion that their use should be postponed to the utmost is proved beyond dispute to be a grave mistake.

Being in possession of all the optical instruments taken over by us from Dr. A. Menist, we are not only in a position to suit the eye sight to perfection, but to supply different accommodations for each eye which so frequently are needed.

Pamphlet with self-suiting directions free on application.

C. MARCKS & Co.

43, Rampart-row, Bombay.

NOTICE.

LETTERS, PARCELS and TELEGRAMS for HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR and the PRIVATE SECRETARY which cannot be delivered at BELLA VISTA, MAHABLESHWAR, by WEDNESDAY MORNING, the 22nd instant, should be SENT to GOVERNMENT HOUSE, GANESHKHIND, provided they can be delivered there by 11 a. m. on THURSDAY, the 23rd, and thereafter to GOVERNMENT HOUSE, PAREL, till further orders.

G. H. R. HART,

Private Secy. to H. E. the Governor of Bombay.

Bella Vista, Mahabaleshwar, 14th Nov. 1882.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander.	From
17	Rhodora (s)	Gamon	P. de Galle, Nov. 12.
18	Kashgar (s)	Murray	Singapore, Oct. 16.
18	Patrick Stuart (s)	Kurrachee.	
19	Occan (s)	Chapman	Rangoon, Nov. 10.
	California (s)	Corry	Liverpool, Oct. 19.
	Jhowningur (s)	Lincoln	Jhowningur.

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander	Destination.
18	Aivah (s)	Smith	Marseilles.
	Mozart (s)	Sawyer	Liverpool.
	Roumania (s)	Laird	Liverpool.
	Aileghany (s)	Rea	Bordeaux.
	Lombardia (s)	Lovitt	Colombo, &c.
18	Fenasserim (s)	Creagh	Rangoon.

The following vessels were entered for loading on Saturday last :—

Steamer China, to Genoa.

Steamer Cochin, to Marseilles and Genoa.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—November 16.

Twemlow, Major, R. E., on duty, from England.

Ahern, Major, R. E., on duty, from England.

Tyndall, Major, Staff, on duty, from Umballa.

DEPARTURES.—November 18.

Wodehouse, Major, Bombay Pol. Dept., on duty, to Mahi Kanta.

Chapman, Lieut.-Col., 8th Bengal Cavy., on leave, to England.

Ward, Lieut. Col., R. H. A., on leave, to Kirkee.

Braganza, Surg., from leave, to Ahmedabad.

Havelock, Surg., on duty, to Allahabad.

Duncan, Surg., on duty, to Allahabad.

Shore, Lieut., W. Yorks, on duty, to Nowshera.

O'Brien, Lieut., 14th Bengal N. I., on duty, to Agra.

Dempsey, Surg., on duty, to Rangoon.

Willis, Surg., to join, to Asirghur.

Wood, Riding Master, 13th Hussars, on duty, to Muttra.

Clerk, Col., Bengal Army, on duty, to Allahabad.

Dawson, Major-Genl., R. A., on leave, to Matheran.

NOVEMBER 19.

Barr, Capt., S. C., to join, to Sutna.

Aives, Major, R. E., to join, to Morar.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut.-Col. Comdt. W. S. Hewett, B. V. R. C.

Bombay, November 20.

E Company will commence class firing this day, Monday, the 20th inst., and every day until further orders.

Members going to class fire are requested to be at the Worli Bunder Station at 5-25, a.m. (Bombay time), and they will have their fares paid, those coming after will have to pay their own fare.

B. Company will attend for Position Drill every day until further orders at the oval near the Band-stand at 6-30 a.m. and 5. p.m. (Bombay time).

There will be parade at the oval every morning at 6-30 o'clock. (Bombay time.)

Recruits are particularly requested to attend.

The usual monthly Regimental Committee meeting will assemble this day, Monday, the 20th inst., at 5-15 p.m. (Bombay time). All members are requested to attend.

By order,

A. W. PROUDFOOT,
Capt. and Adjt., B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

Adjutant-General's Office, Head-quarters, Poona, 17th November.

With the sanction of Govt. the C.-in-C. is pleased to make the following appointments, with effect from the 1st November, 1882 :—

Capt. H. Melliss, S. C., Depy. Asst. Qr.-Mr. Genl., Bo. Dist., to officiate as Asst. Qr.-Mr. Genl. Bo. Dist., vice Major Watling, appointed Asst. Qr.-Mr. Genl., on the establishment and during the absence of Lieut.-Col. J. Jopp, on furlough or until further orders.

Lieut. W. St. L. Chase, V. C., S. C., Wing Offr. and Qr. Mr. 28th N. I., to officiate as Depy. Asst. Qr.-Mr. Genl., Sind Dist., vice Capt. Melliss, appointed to officiate as Asst. Qr. Mr. Genl.

The C.-in-C. is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Deolali Depot.—Condr. J. G. Pitt, Bo. unattached Dist, to perform the duties of Qr.-Mr., Deolali Lepot.

It is notified that the undermentioned officer has been seconded for service on the Staff :—Capt. L. A. T. McCudden, S.C. (Wing Officer 10th N. L. I.) Inspr. and Adjt., G. I. P. and B. B. and C. I. R. Vol. Corps.

The undermentioned medical officer, Army Medl. Dept., is placed on Genl. duty Presidency Circle :—

Surg.-Major R. P. Fergusson.

Col. T. M. Baumgartner, S. C., is placed on Genl. duty, Bombay.

Lt. R. P. Colomb, Offg Wing Officer (on probation) 25th Regt. N. L. I., is attached to the 21st N. I., (Marine Battn.) as a temporary measure.

Capt. E. L. Elliot, Depy Asst Qr.-Mr.-Genl., is transferred from the Northern Divn. to the Quetta Dist., and will join at once.

The undermentioned officer returned to duty by permission of the Secy. of State for India on the 9th Nov. :—Lt. Col. J. M. Boyd, S. C., Depy. Asst. Comsy. Genl.

Govt. have awarded the Medl. gratuity of £5 to Serjt. (now sub-Cond.) R. Y. Abbott, Comst. Dept.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence :—Rifle Bgde. (1st Bn.)—Lt. C. A. Lamb, to remain at Murree from 14th Sept. to 22nd Sept. 1882, on medical certificate.

24th N. I.—Capt. W. J. Morse, S. C., to remain at Bangalore, for 60 days on medical certificate, in extension.

HIGH COUT.—November 20.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bayley.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

487-79—Macfarlane and E—Motivow and others vs Cassibai—Jefferson B. and D—Part heard.

In the matter of the last Will and Testament of Korji Chemksey, deceased.

Macfarlane and E—Thacker Luckmidass Jadowjee, applicant—Muttoobai widow of the said deceased, Caveatrix—Jefferson B and D—Part heard.

Long Causes.

97-81—M. H. Khan—Dadabhoy Nusserwanjee and another vs D. C. Lobo and another—R. M. Sayani.

517-81—Shapoorjee and F—Tyabjee Sullemanjee vs James Begly—Payne and G.

142-82—In person—Cullianjee Devedass vs Dharsey Corjee and another—J. C. Cama.

In the matter of the Indian Companies. Act of 1866 and in the matter of the New Fleming S. and W. Co.

Craigie, L. and O—Ardesir and H—Jehangir Gustadjee and another—petitioners—Nanu and H—for creditors.

Long Causes.

319-81—Shapoorjee and T—Jugjewandass Purmanundass *alias* Jumnadas Purmanundass vs Roopa Prema—M. M. Munshi.

448-80—Ardasir and H—Nurrotumdass Candass vs Navivow and others—S. and F. Cleveland L. and N.

115-80—Chalk and W—for pauper—Dayabhoy Hurridass vs Itchalal Wandrawandass—Macfarlane and E.

36-81—Smith and F—Moolibai vs J. H. Grant—Crawford and S.

For Settlement of Issues.

20-82—Jefferson B. and D—Hajee Abdool Vyed Oosman and another vs Bechur Ramsew and others—Payne and G.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Scott.)

Such of the following Long Causes fixed for to-day, which either party has informed the prothonotary or the deputy Registrar, will be defended, will not be called on until any consent decree and unfended suits the list are disposed of. Defended suits will stand over, and be taken in their order after suit No. 313 of 1882.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

New Long Causes.

256-82—Ardesir and H—Thakersey Dhunjee and others vs Gulamhoosen Vulud Hajee Bawa and C—A. F. Turner.

317-82—Janardhen and H—Fdrdunjee Cursetjee and another vs Dadabhoy Rustomjee Vacha—Hore C. and B.

318-82—Macfarlane and E—Pandurung Jewba Somgiri vs Balla Mungesh Wagle and another—Shapoorjee and T.

319-82—Nanu and H—Mahomed Hassum vs Kesorbai and others

320-82—Payne and G—Bhugwandass Bhugla vs James Mackintosh and others—Pestonjee B.

324-82—Tyabjee and D—Abdoor Satur Hajee Harron and others vs P. Dumarsey and others.

325-82—Tyabjee and D—Cassim Mahalal vs Narayen Withoba—M. M. Munshi.

326-82—Macfarlane and E—Currimbhoy Hajeebhoy vs Nanchi Dayra Kana—Tyabjee and D.

327-82—Smith and F—Dhunjee Mowjee vs J. F. Sleeman.

331-82—Shapurjee and T—Rambilas P—Sermal vs Hurry Campe and others—Hore C. and S.

332-82—Nanu and H—Govindjee Shivjee vs Vandrawandas Purshotumdass and others—M. M. Munshi.

334-82—Cleveland L. and N—Dossa Kirpal vs Alibhoy Sachoobhoy and others—R. M. Sayani.

335-82—Cleveland L. and N—Peerbhoy Khakibhoy and others vs Vurjewan Gopal.

338-82—Macfarlane and E—Runchordass Pranjeewandass vs Dave Nathuram Runchordass.

339-82—In person—Fackir Mahomed Shaik Huzrat vs Mistre Nursoo Dhurmajee.

342-82—Payne and G—C. A. Turner vs Framjee Cursetjee and others vs Nanu and H.

Summary Suit.

362-82—Muljee and B—Soonderjee Ramjee vs Madhowrao Bhaskerjee.

Long Causes.

68-81—Janardhun and H—Keshow Jevanjee and others vs Bulgee Jivanjee and others—Payne and G. and in person.

445-81—R. Skipsey—Hurry Bhanjee vs Bai Hajiani Jerumbai and others Payne and G—Precipce for postponement.

[illegible] B—P. S. de Souza vs S. de Esperance [illegible] Spiegle L. and O. and Pesetu Sad W. [illegible] Nurrotumdas Harjewandas and [illegible] Kurrumchund Huridas and others—[illegible] T.

[illegible] and B.—Vussondas Purushram vs [illegible] anderdas and another.

[illegible] and E—Joosub Haji Ahmed vs Essac [illegible] obin and R.

[illegible]—Ruttonjee Pestonjee Choksey vs [illegible] thers—Ansepp and H.

[illegible] and D., Ahmedbhoy Hubibbhoy vs [illegible] soumbhoy and others, Payne and G. [illegible] and H., Precipce for postponement.

[illegible] homed Ebrahimbin Cunroodin, &c., [illegible] hidin bin Dadoo Meya, &c. Tyabji

[illegible] B—C. Palmer and another vs Ras[illegible] Boyce and others—Tobin and R.

[illegible]—T. F. Punnett vs Heerji Govindji [illegible] M. Sayani and In person.—

[illegible] surdar Begum vs Khoja Mahomed [illegible] M. Munshi.

[illegible] Narayen Crustna Laud others vs [illegible] pea—Muljee and B.

[illegible] mandass Kevalram vs Thucker [illegible] another—Balkrishna and B.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

[illegible] on the 18th instant left Liverpool with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Col. and Mrs. Clapman and three children, and nurse, Major and Mrs. Stead and child, Major and Mrs. MacKay, Master Bears, Mr. and T. Brett, Mr. W. G. Harrison, Mr. W. J. Powell, and Mr. W. B. Wilkinson.

The following is the list of passengers arrived by the P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s. s. Kashgar, Commander R. S. Murray, from Shanghai, on Saturday :—From Singapore.—Mr. [illegible] Burch, Sheik Amat B. Saleh, Sheik A. Ben [illegible] Sheik A. Ben Fauref, Syed Yen Hadad, [illegible]dam. From Penang.—Mr. Ferozshaw [illegible]on Sydney.—Mr. W. Weise, Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] and Mrs. W. A. Clark, Mr. [illegible] Mr. A. P. Maltby. From Ma[illegible]rd, two Misses Lugard and [illegible]on, Dr. and Mrs. Tuahiev [illegible] Mr. Lugard and [illegible] [illegible] S. Forbes and Mr. [illegible] Colonel Smart, R. A., [illegible] B. Powrania, Mr. Kursetjee and [illegible]onjee Pestell, The Honble S. [illegible] and two servants, Mr. and [illegible]tives. From Genoa.—Mr. and [illegible]wo children.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander.	From
17	Rhodora (s)	Gamon	P. de Galle, Nov. 12.
18	Kashgar (s)	Murray	Singapore, Oct. 16.
18	Patrick Stuart (s)	Kurrachee.	
19	Occan (s)	Chapman	Rangoon, Nov. 10.
	California (s)	Corry	Liverpool, Oct. 19.
	Jhowningur (s)	Lincoln	Jhowningur.

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander	Destination.
18	Aivah (s)	Smith	Marseilles.
	Mozart (s)	Sawyer	Liverpool.
	Roumania (s)	Laird	Liverpool.
	Aileghany (s)	Rea	Bordeaux.
	Lombardia (s)	Lovitt	Colombo, &c.
18	Fenasserim (s)	Creagh	Rangoon.

The following vessels were entered for loading on Saturday last :—

Steamer China, to Genoa.

Steamer Cochin, to Marseilles and Genoa.

SURGEON DENTIST,

DR. C. F. KHORY

(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 1873),

No. 23, RAMPART ROW,

opposite the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1882.

From the speech of Major Baring at the meeting of the Viceroy's Council at Simla on the 2nd instant, which we published in full some days ago, it would appear that the advocates for an agricultural bank in Western India would soon have an opportunity of practically testing their scheme. The chief promoter of the measure has been Sir William Wedderburn, who in letters to us has continued to urge this matter on the attention of the public. His letters have shown that he has made himself thoroughly acquainted with the constitution and the working of similar banks on the Continent, which have proved successful both in the interest of the shareholder and of the cultivator. One difficulty in the way of practically undertaking the scheme in this country has been the question of Government aid. The opinion is almost unanimous that Government could not, even if they would, undertake the work of bankers and carry it out successfully. There remained, however, the conviction that some Government support and assistance would be necessary to ensure the success of the scheme. Among other suggestions made were these—that Government should become a shareholder in the bank, or that Government should guarantee a small interest on the capital, or that Government should guarantee the bonds of the bank ; the plan in this last case being to call up only a small proportion of a nominal capital and to raise funds by the issue of bonds, secured by the property against which loans were made, and also by the unpaid capital. But to none of these would Government agree, and, we think, rightly. A connection with the bank such as is implied in any one of these schemes would practically make Government responsible for the successful working of the bank, and take away from its direction all real incentive to careful management. But at the same time, Government express a willingness to assist so far as they can without incurring risk for themselves or reducing the responsibility of those in charge of the institution. We gather from Major Baring's speech that Government is willing to legislate so as to make the advances of the bank a first lien on the property after the claims of Government—it being understood that all previous claims had been settled—to give them the Government machinery for recovering loans without the tedious-forms of law, and to remit the stamp duties and court fees. These are, we think, liberal terms, and the supervision required by Government in return and the sanction for forms are only what can be readily granted. Government will require (1) that the articles of association of the bank shall be approved by them, (2) that the form in which the books are kept shall be approved and the books themselves be open to inspection, (3) that the form of bond be approved, (4) that the loans be registered in a Government office, and (5) that a maximum rate of interest, say 12 per cent., be approved by Government. It is not the intention of Government to restrict the purposes to which the money advanced may be put. One serious drawback to the extension of the present system of Government advances is their restriction to the purposes of land improvement. It would be impossible to work an agricultural bank with any such restriction, and Government will not insist upon it. This is a most important point, for any such restriction would most certainly destroy all chance of success. The value of the security alone is the one thing to be insisted on, and the borrower is to be free to use his money as he likes.

Whether an agricultural bank can be made a success or not in this country it would be difficult to predict, but we may say, as we did in the case of the Stock Note proposal, that it should be tried, as the trial need not be an expensive one. All will agree that, if successful, such banks would be of immense benefit to the country. There is, of course, a conflict of opinion whether the ryot, who follows so closely in the steps of his forefathers, will be willing to give up the soucar and take to the bank. Any such change would of course be gradual, but we see no reason why in time the ryot should not be taught to appreciate the great advantages of the proposed bank system over the old time-honoured one, which has brought him anything but prosperity. It is determined, we believe, to make a trial in one district in the Deccan, and to extend as circumstances may seem to justify. It is, we are told, the intention of the promoters of the scheme to interest the soucars themselves in the bank ; and we learn that many of them have expressed a preference to a more moderate interest on their money in this way over the nominally higher rates secured under the old system, attended as it is with so much risk. Any co-operation of this kind would of course be of immense assistance to the bank, and, if real, would almost ensure its success. The main difficulty, however, seems to us to lie in the management. Will it be possible to secure an efficient manager for any salary which it will be possible for such an institution to pay ? For everything will depend upon this. And can men be found upcountry able and willing to do the duty of directors ? The bank, to succeed must have, for a time at least, the best care of the best men ; when once under weigh it will work smoothly of itself, but its first beginnings need careful watching. We suppose that the pensioned servants of Government, many of whom are compelled by the rules to retire while still in the full possession of their powers, will be largely availed of. Being in receipt of a pension, a small salary would in such case secure the services of a valuable man. The only danger in this case would be lest the routine and rigidity of Government service had unfitted the man for the more free and yet more responsible work of private banking. If suitable men can be found for the work and direction of the proposed bank in the district in which trial is to be made, men who will give their time and labour with no selfish purpose to gain, a long step will be taken towards success.

There will still remain the capital and an influential direction to be secured, which must be supplied by Bombay itself. There ought to be no difficulty here. We readily admit that the financial success of a movement so novel to this country must be a matter of considerable doubt, but the advantages to the country will be so great, if the scheme be carried to a successful issue, that we are sure that it will commend itself to our leading citizens and capitalists. The scheme, if carried out, will make some demand on their time and on their purses, but the good to be derived from it will, we hope, lead them to give their assistance. We do not fail to realize the many obstacles to be overcome and the many discouragements to be met with. There will be need of much patience as well as of energy, but the gain will be so great, if the scheme be successful, that it is well worthy of the efforts of those who desire the real advancement of the poorer and more ignorant classes of the country. To wish the success of an agricultural bank does not necessitate any ill-feeling towards the soucar : we may admit that he is as often sinned against as sinning, and yet his system has proved a failure as regards the real interests of the cultivator. Under his system the ryot has grown poorer and poorer, and even though this result may not be laid wholly or even principally to his charge, yet any other system promising better results deserves, at least, a trial. Such banks have been found of great benefit in other countries, and we see no reason why, if undertaken by the right men and in real earnest, they should not be a success in India. The intention to begin in a very small way at first is a wise one : all effort can thus be turned in one direction ; if successful in one taluka in the Deccan, it will easily and quickly spread. Now that the visit of Sir William Wedderburn to Simla has resulted in a limited, yet sufficient, Government sanction to the scheme, we trust that there will be no delay in bringing forward the necessary legislation, so that work may be commenced as early as possible. Even those most doubtful of its success must in the interests of the country wish it well.

Although the discussion at the meeting of the Corporation on Mr. Macfarlane's motion for stocking the Municipal reservoirs with fish was not one of the first importance, there are one or two points connected with it which deserve consideration. We should like to allude to the grave inconveniences which would arise were the ruling of the chairman accepted that it would be a mere waste of time for the Corporation to discuss any question relating to these reservoirs, inasmuch as their management is vested in the Municipal Commissioner, and if that functionary objected to their proposals they would necessarily be null and void. Now, although the Municipal Commissioner is the Executive Officer of the city, and is on that account vested with considerable powers, it betrays a remarkable disregard for the principles of self-government to contend that his exercise of these powers may not be discussed by the Municipality even in connection with a matter which is one wholly affecting the public. The Municipal Commissioner himself, be it said, made no pretentions to such an autocratic authority as Sir Frank Souter was anxious to bestow upon him, and offered to accept any recommendations the Corporation might make. Dr. Blaney very properly complained of the irregularity of the chairman's suggestion, and Mr. Macfarlane was able to afford him an opportunity of abandoning it by a reference to the phraseology of the resolution. The idea that an executive officer can be above all control, and even criticism, by the Municipal body is one which is quite out of joint with the times. A perusal of the remarks of the Government of India, in their Resolution of May 18 on the relations which should subsist between local and municipal boards and their executive officers will assist Sir Frank to a more liberal appreciation of the powers and duties of representative bodies. Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee appeared to view suspiciously the objects of the Piscicultural Society, with whom Mr. Macfarlane's proposal first originated. It was admitted that the introduction of fish into the reservoirs would be beneficial on sanitary grounds, and it was left to Mr. Nowrojee to take some objection to the Corporation by a resolution allowing fishing in their lakes. There may be some grounds for this objection, but it must be borne in mind, as Mr. Macfarlane pointed out, that years will elapse before the fish now introduced could multiply so as admit of being caught. It was, obviously, not simply a desire to catch the fish which induced the gentlemen concerned to suggest that they should be put in. As a matter of fact the object of the Pisciultural Society is to propagate throughout Indian fresh waters an edible fish superior to any that now exists. Mr. H. S. Thomas, the highest authority on the subject, believed that the Bombay reservoirs were particularly well-adapted for breeding the fish, and it was with the object of rearing a supply, with which it was ultimately hoped to stock the waters of the Presidency, that the society wished them introduced into Vehar. The objects of the society are therefore only remotely, and in no exclusive spirit, connected with angling. The amended resolution adopted by the Corporation will admit of the reservoirs being stocked with certain kinds of fish, and we have no doubt that this enterprise will prove benefical to the entire Presidency.

The question of the leadership of the Conservative party will become unusually interesting now that Sir Stafford Northcote is about to go to the Mediterranean for his health. Our London correspondent, in his letter published on Saturday, described the first consequences of the return of Lord Randolph Churchill to active public life. The fact that the member for Woodstock should have been first on his feet to place obstacles in the way of the Government was considered by some to amount to "a virtual transfer of the leadership of the Conservative party." If Sir Stafford Northcote's withdrawal be immediate, the arrangement will look suspiciously like a got-up affair to cover such a transfer by leaving the rivals concerned to fight freely for supremacy. On the other hand, Sir Stafford may be anxious to absent himself at this juncture in view of probable independent action on the part of the "active" Tories with respect to the Egyptian policy of the Government. Sir Stafford's feeble resolution has dropped, as everybody expected it would, and though the right honourable gentleman "reserved to himself the right" to have something more to say on the subject, it is evident that he is not equal to the task of leading such a forlorn hope as a hostile resolution on the Government's Egyptian policy would undoubtedly be. It is, at the same time, most unlikely that Lord Randolph and his friends will allow the session to close without making a determined effort to minimise the triumph of the Ministry. The recognised leaders of the Opposition, on their part, even though incapable of leading such an attack as this, will be anxious to avoid the fiasco which occurred on the third reading of the Irish Land Bill, last year. On that occasion the occupants of the front Opposition Bench rose and left the House when Lord Randolph proposed the rejection of the Bill. The noble lord thereupon indulged in his famous sneer (for a Conservative member) about "the political intelligence supposed to be associated with the title of Right Honourable." The debate, it may be remembered, became a personal and acrimonious wrangle (even Lord Randolph himself eventually withdrew from it), and covered the Conservative party with discredit. Another such catastrophe as that would be almost irreparable. Whether Sir Stafford's indisposition be due to bodily weakness or mental anxiety, we cannot doubt that, if he leave England before the session ends, he will, in doing so, give another illustration of that eminent self-abnegation which has characterised his leadership of the party. If a resolution be brought forward against the Government's Egyptian policy in his absence (and this is about as certain as anything in unstable parliamentary tactics can be), he will, no doubt, preserve his personal dignity by withdrawing from a movement in which he cannot lead and dare not follow, but his authority as leader of the party must be severely shaken. No other moderate Conservative can replace him in the House of Commons, and his withdrawal at this juncture, whether voluntary or otherwise, will throw the control of the party into the hands of the so-called "active Tories," towards whom it has been drifting ever since the death of Lord Beaconsfield.

A native contemporary states that in Mr. Justice Scott, who takes his seat on the bench of the High Court to-day, the natives "hope to have another Joseph Arnold." We do not exactly know on what grounds this anticipation is founded, but we may state, as substantial testimony in favour of it, that Sir Michael Westropp writes that, in his opinion, Mr. Justice Scott will prove an excellent judge.

ENTERTAINMENT TO THE EAST INDIAN SQUADRON.

Of late the air of Bombay has been strongly charged with festivity. The memory of the great entertainment to the Indian Contingent is fresh and green at this moment of recording more feasting and amusement, on a smaller scale perhaps, but none the less attractive on that account. Bombay determined to honour the gallant men who had either scattered the Egyptians like chaff, or had had a good deal to do indirectly with that happy event. It is not fighting alone that wins battles, so when the men who really used bayonet and bullet, lance and sword against the foe had been duly feasted, and toasted, and cheered in divers other ways, the people of this city generally and the committee of the Indian Contingent Entertainment Fund particularly, upon the ground to hand, thought of the claims of certain fighting men upon whom the burden and heat of the day had fallen in matters other than downright conflict with the enemy. The happy thought was encouraged by a balance which remained over and above the expenses of the first entertainment, and so it came to pass that the men of the East Indian Squadron were invited to have a good time on Saturday. And they deserved it. All the accounts that we have had of the Egyptian campaign agree in this one point—that the services of the East Indian Squadron were invaluable, and that, although they lacked that which is as the breath of his nostrils to the British tar—fighting—they were performed with almost as much hearty goodwill as would have been displayed in the thrashing of an enemy, and with such a measure of perfection as to win fervid praise even from Mr. Gladstone, and a sentence of thankfulness in the despatch of Sir Garnet Wolseley. The *tamasha* on Saturday differed but little, except in size, from that of three weeks ago. There was the same dining, athletic sports, fireworks, promenading, sitting down in gorgeously coloured mandwas, and absorption of liquids ; and it must be added that there was something very like the same flirtation going on in places. This time no vast crowds surged about the Oval involving everything in confusion. The police exercised their discretion as to who was a fit and proper person to represent Bombay on that spot, and the result was a sufficiency of breathing room and an improvement in other respects.

Although the decorations on Saturday were not so general as on the occasion of the entertainment given to the troops on the 28th ultimo, they reflected credit on those who had gone to the trouble and expense of providing them. In fact, Rampart-row, the principal street through which the sailors and marines passed, was bright with colour from one end to the other. Flags floated from the Sailors' Home and the Young Men's Christian Association's building. The Municipal Offices attracted a good deal of attention. From the windows of the first and second storeys of the building waved flags and banners of various colours. But to the Esplanade Hotel must be yielded the palm in the matter of decorations. It appeared to be enveloped in bunting from top to basement. Flags of all nations hung from the gallery on the first storey, and their ends were fastened to the huge iron pillars on the basement. The upper galleries all round the building were similarly decorated, and over the top fluttered a large number of coloured pennons. Flags bearing the words "Welcome," "Suez," "Kassassin," and "Chalouf" were observed ; and on other flags "Zagazig," "Tel-el-Kebir," and "Cairo" were brought into prominence. Messrs. Asquith and Lord made a pretty display of flags and banners. The building of the National Bank of India was tastefully decorated with very large flags hanging from the first storey to the basement. This had a pretty effect. The building occupied by Messrs. C. Marcks and Co. had put on a new coating of paint, and made a good show of banners and pennons. A large flag waved from a building occupied by a Persian merchant in Ash-lane. "Temple Bar," Messrs. Soundy and Co., the Oriental Bank, Messrs. Ralli Brothers, the Criterion Restaurant, and Messrs. Favre, Leuba on one side of the street ; and Messrs. Hamilton and Co., Messrs. Bolton and Co., the Bombay Club, the French Bank, and Messrs. Treacher and Co., on the other side, made a good show of flags and bunting. The Frere Fountain made a modest display with a flag at each corner. The statue of the Queen-Empress was left entirely undecorated.

The blue-jackets, marines, and lascars disembarked at 3. p. m. at the Apollo-bunder, which presented a scene of much bustle and excitement. There were many spectators, and the bands

TELEGRAMS.

THE VICEROY'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Nov. 18.

The Viceroy arrived at Peshawur on the 17th, at ten o'clock. The railway for the traffic of passengers has its terminal at Peshawur city. The cantonments are three miles further on. At the cantonments a very prettily designed temporary station, tastefully decorated, had been erected, and was well guarded. The Viceroy alighted there. His Excellency was escorted from Kairabad to Peshawar by the Commissioner, Deputy Commissioner, Captain Nixon, Police Superintendent, and Major Marryat, Traffic Manager of the line, firemen, and others. H. E. *en route* crossed just where the Kabul and Indus rivers meet, opposite the Attock staging bungalow. On arrival at Peshawur, the Viceroy received a salute from the fort commanding the city (which is very extensive), and the surrounding country. The usual military and civil formalities were observed, but it was a miracle there was not any confusion, owing to the early arrival. The Viceroy breakfasted at the Commissioner's, and then received certain frontier chiefs. Subsequently a procession was formed to the city, escorted by the 9th Bengal Cavalry. The whole road was lined with troops. None wore a more martial appearance than the Punjab police. On arrival at the city, the Viceroy inspected the Edwardes's Memorial gateway, recently erected by public subscription to the memory of Sir Herbert, by the Deputy Commissioner, who presented the key to the Viceroy. After inspecting the work of the gateway, which is in elaborate byzantine style, the viceregal durbaris were presented to His Excellency, and the procession moved slowly to the city, and on reaching the Egerton Hospital, newly constructed here, the Viceroy was received by Doctor Coates, Civil Surgeon, honorary magistrates, and municipal commissioners. At the entrance the party were met by a deputation headed by the native Magistrate, who read an address.

The Viceroy replied at length, saying it had given him pleasure to visit Peshawur, a city in which he had always been much interested, and to open the gate erected to the memory of Sir H. Edwardes, an Indian officer for whom His Excellency entertained great admiration, and who had been an able officer of the State. He had been much gratified by the sentiments of loyalty in the address, and would take care the Queen should be informed of the expressions by the next mail. He hoped the hospital would be a great blessing to the tribes beyond the frontier, and His Excellency could assure those tribes that he, as Viceroy of India, while not in the least desiring to interfere with independent countries or their rights, at the same time would certainly not allow any of those tribes to interfere with the British territory. It was great pleasure to open an institution which bore the name of his highly esteemed friend Mr. Egerton, and he hoped many who were cared for in this hospital would go back to their homes beyond the frontier as messengers of peace.

The Viceregal party went through the city, which was gaily decorated with flags and banners. The Mission schoolboys were placed in line in the Central Square, and cheered the Viceroy in passing. The provincial durbaris received the Viceroy at the Takshali gate, through which the procession left the city, whence to the fort the road was lined with mounted retainers of local Chiefs, some clad in chain-armour with peacock's feathers put indiscriminately on steel helmets for plumes, and no uniformity in the whole regarding trowsers or boots. The Viceroy saw the fort under the guidance of the General and Commissary of Ordnance. From the fort bastions he viewed the surrounding hills from double storeyed-barracks, obtaining an excellent view of the Valley. A message was heliographed to Cherat and replied to.

The Viceroy left Peshawur at two o'clock for Lahore escorted by a pilot train. The road through was lined every quarter of a mile by men with torches, while the stations were all prettily lit up with oil-lamps. The Viceroy visited the Attock bridge works *en route*. Everything in connection with the works was explained to His Excellency by Mr. O'Callaghan, Chief Engineer. The Viceroy was very interested.

INAUGURAL CONVOCATION OF THE PUNJAB UNIVERSITY.

On the 18th the Viceroy arrived at Lahore at a quarter to ten. The reception was private. At noon the University ceremonials commenced. The road over which His Excellency passed to the University was tastefully decorated with venetian poles and banners, with here and there triumphal floral arches, the streets being crowded. Some time before the arrival of the Senate guests, students, etc., were all seated, the degree and prize-holders in blocks, labelled. The arrangements were perfect. A guard-of-honour of Native Infantry, with band, was drawn up at the chief entrance under the clock-tower, and saluted when His Excellency arrived. The Viceroy was received there by the Hon'ble Sir C. Aitchison, Chancellor, and the Vice Chancellor, fellows of the University, native Princes and Chiefs, and was led into the hall. Natives were present from all parts of the province and frontier.

When all were seated Sir Charles Aitchison, addressing the Viceroy, said,—In reporting to your Excellency the business before this, the inaugural Convocation of the Punjab University, I deem it a happy and auspicious circumstance that the Convocation is presided over by your lordship. I deem it so not merely because the Punjaub University Act has become law during your Excellency's Viceroyalty, but much more because I know that the popular movement which culminated in the Act, passed six weeks ago, met with your cordial sympathy and support, and because also I know the principles on which the University has been founded are in complete harmony with the enlightened policy of self-help and self-government which your Excellency recently so clearly and forcibly expounded. In a paper dated as far back as August, 1865, the proposed University was described as the "people's own department of public instruction," which principle element has been the distinguishing feature of the project from the very beginning, and is explained to a great extent by the prominence given to oriental studies in the constitution of the University. One of the special objects of the University, as set forth in the statutes, is to associate the learned and influential classes of the province with the officers of Government in promoting the supervision of popular education; other special objects, as your Excellency is aware, besides making ample provision for the higher study of English, are two—first, to promote the diffusion of European science as far as possible through the medium of the vernacular languages of the Punjab, and the improvement and extension of vernacular literature generally; secondly, to afford encouragement to the enlightened study of Eastern classical languages and literature. These special objects are prominently set out in the preamble of the Act, and I recently had the satisfaction of being assured by those who were most intimately connected with the movement from the first, and to whose suggestions, indeed, the foundation of the University is due, that the Act in its present form is all the founders and the public desired. I have now formally to report the business about to be transacted. It is the reading of the Syndicate's report, the conferring of certain degrees, diplomas, and certificates, and the presentation of donors, authors endowed, and fellowship-holders; and I request your Excellency to declare the Convocation open.

The Viceroy declared the Convocation open.

Doctor Leitner, the accomplished Oriental scholar, Registrar of the University, read in perfect Urdu the annual report of the progress of the work of the past year. The funded account amounted in December last to nearly four lakhs. The Maharajah of Bhawalpore gave Rs. 35,000; the Maharajah of Putialla, Rs. 1,16,000; the Maharajah of Jammu, Kashmere, Rs. 93,000; the Maharajah of Kapurthulla, Rs. 37,000; the Maharajah of Jhind Rs. 26,000; the Maharajah of Nabha, Rs. 17,000; and numbers of other Chiefs gave large donations and medals, scholarships and prizes.

Mr. Lyall then led Dr. Leitner to the foot of the dais and presented him to the Chancellor as a person fit by the unanimous vote of the Senate for the degree of Doctor of Oriental Learning. Sir C. Aitchison said to Dr. Leitner:—By virtue of the authority vested in me as Chancellor of the University, I admit you to the degree of Oriental Learning, and in token thereof present you with a diploma, and authorise you to wear the robes ordained and the insignia of the degree of Chancellor. He then presented Dr. Leitner to His Excellency amid much enthusiasm. Others were next given their respective degrees in the same form, but each was made to promise and declare in their daily life and conversation to conduct themselves as became members of a University, and support to the utmost opportunity and ability the cause of morality and sound learning, and uphold and advance the social order and well-being of their fellowmen. The donors were then presented in order of rank, amongst them being Sir Lepel Griffin; then came the endowed fellowship holders, medallists, and some 30 authors' heads, by Mr. Edwin Parker, Judicial Assistant Commissioner.

When all the presentations had been made, the Viceroy addressing the assembly said it afforded him, he assured them, the very greatest satisfaction as patron of the University to be present on that auspicious occasion, and to have an opportunity of sincerely congratulating those who for 18 years had nobly laboured to secure the establishment of the University in the Punjab. Referring to Sir C. Aitchison, he said he was foremost among the many who worked for the attainment of this object, assisted by the princely contributions of native Chiefs and gentlemen; but when looking back through the papers he found, amongst many eminent names, one which he ever associated with the University, namely, that of Dr. Leitner, of whose energy and devotion to the cause of learning generally and the University particularly he was unable to refer in sufficiently high terms of admiration. His Excellency congratulated the Princes and Chiefs, and members of the University, on the completion of the undertaking almost to a day. It was two years since his lordship, on a visit to Lahore, received an address expressing a desire for the establishment of a University in Northern India. After the Viceroy made his reply he heard it whispered that some disappointment was expressed at what he said, as the expectations of the memorialists were not fulfilled; they expected him to make greater promises perhaps, but His Excellency preferred to be better rather than worse than his word. Two years ago he had not studied the question so as to give them a more decided answer, but he could now say how deeply he sympathised with the object for which those interested had been striving, and it gave him great pleasure to know that it was now carried out successfully. He was happy to say to the Government of the Punjab that the necessary legislation had been done, the law passed, and the University established on a base which His Excellency hoped would prove substantial. Continuing, His Excellency said:—Gentlemen, when I spoke to you two years ago I think that if you had read between the lines what I said, you would have seen how I sympathised with the objects you had in view. (Applause.) As I told you then I tell you now, there are two objects to be forwarded by the establishment of the University which greatly commended themselves to me—one with reference to the university education you proposed giving. I, gentlemen, am one of those who believe there is very great advantage in having educational institutions founded on different principles and systems; and the advantage of this is felt in England. His Excellency went on to explain how, while at Oxford classics were the chief subjects, at Cambridge mathematics held the first place, and the Victoria College at Manchester was different still; thereby disseminating in a beneficial manner all over the country so many different branches of learning. The Viceroy read an extract from the *Contemporary Review* by Max Müller, in which the writer maintained the advantage of Europeans studying Oriental languages, especially Sanscrit. This study was one of the principal features of the Punjab University. The University had been established by contributions from Princes and Chiefs and other native gentlemen of the country, and its future must rest in their hands entirely. He had before now pointed out how desirous it was that gentlemen of wealth and position should be induced to come forward and take part in promoting public instruction in India. The resources at the disposal of Government were narrow and inelastic; it was therefore necessary that natives of wealth should come forward and help their poorer neighbours. This was a matter to which he attached the greatest importance, because he felt sure that Indian education would be benefited if conducted to a larger extent by the natives themselves. His Excellency had seen, in looking over some official papers, that this opinion had also been held by Donald Macleod, and he thought little could be added to an opinion of such weight. He was glad to know the example set by the Punjab University was likely to be followed in other parts of India, as Government felt it impossible to continue to maintain some of its large educational establishments at the cost of the State. He gave as an instance what had occurred in the case of the Agra College, the cost of which was not proportionate to the benefits to be conferred: hence there was little or no Government help. His Excellency referred to other educational matters as tending to improve the status of the people generally, and concluded by saying—I trust that this institution, of which we laid the foundation to-day, will flourish, and that upon its foundation will arise a structure which may help to bring together more closely the Western English and Eastern Indian, and if, before I die, it be given to me to see the fulfilment of this hope, I shall esteem myself indeed fortunate that I took part this day in the opening of the Punjab University. (Cheers.)

The Viceroy, Chiefs, and guests then retired. His Excellency, *en route* to Government House, visited the Senate House, presented by the Maharajah of Bhawalpore to the University.

Nov. 19.

To-day the Viceroy, accompanied by Father Kerr, Chaplain, attended mass in the morning at the Roman Catholic Church of the Immaculate Conception. To-morrow forenoon the Rajahs of Puttiala, Kapurthulla, and the Nawab of Bhawalpore will visit the Viceroy in state, the visits being returned by His Excellency in the afternoon.

THE COMMANDER IN-CHIEF'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

QUETTA, Nov. 18.

His Excellency General Hardinge and Colonel Rivett-Carnac, Military Secretary, returned to Quetta to-day from a tour in Pisheen. The Commander-in-Chief leaves Quetta *vid* Hurnai on the 25th.

A STEAMER ASHORE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Nov. 18.

The *Rangoon Times* reports that the steamer Sirdhana, from Bombay, was ashore for two days on the Krishna. She arrived here on Thursday, having experienced no visible damage.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

SIR STAFFORD NORTHCOTE.

LONDON, Nov. 18.

Sir Stafford Northcote is indisposed, and has been ordered to the Mediterranean for two months.

THE NATIVE OFFICERS IN ENGLAND.

Her Majesty the Queen will receive the native Indian officers at Windsor on Monday.

THE PROCEDURE RULES.

Seven procedure rules have been voted.

THE INCOMING MAILS.

ADEN, Nov. 18.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Venetia, with the outward English mails of the 3rd inst., left here for Bombay at 5 o'clock this morning, and the same Company's s. s. Shannon, for Calcutta, at 7 o'clock last night.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

ADEN, Nov. 18.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. N. Company's s.s. Helios left here for Bombay yesterday.

LISBON, Nov. 17.

The B. I. S. N. Company's s. s. Rewah, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here yesterday afternoon.

COLOMBO, Nov. 19.

French mail-steamer Ava, from Suez, arrived.
French mail-steamer Peiho, from China, arrived.

TELEGRAPH LINE REPORT.

(NOVEMBER 20.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

THE Act lately passed by the Bombay Legislative Council "to provide for the levy of fees for the use of public landing-places" has received the assent of H. E. the Governor-General in Council.

THE Rev. M. E. Mills, Chaplain of Mhow, goes on one year's furlough to Europe from the 13th December next, and will be relieved by the Rev. C. Michell, who is on his way out from England.

IN consequence of the death of Lady Ripon's brother (Mr. Vyner), the Lucknow programme in connection with the Viceroy's visit has been considerably modified. His Excellency's arrival will be strictly private, and his route to the camp (in the Martiniere Park) will be the shortest possible. On Monday (the 27th) the Marchioness will leave for Benares. His Excellency will not attend the ball in the Chatter Manzil, given by the Lieut.-Governor, on Tuesday, the 28th. The proposed garden party in the Viceregal camp and the review of the troops in garrison will be abandoned, the presentation of colours to the 2nd N. I. being made by the Governor-General in his own camp. The purely official part of the programme—*levée* for European officers, private reception of ex-Royal family, durbar for talukdars and other native gentlemen—will remain unaltered; and it is possible that Lord Ripon may show himself at the Kaiser Bagh fête fixed for Thursday, the 30th, after the State dinner at Government House.

SURVEYS have been made, by order of the Madras Government, with a view to constructing a railway from Vizagapatam, on the Madras Coast, and the Chattisgarh and Bustar districts of the Central Provinces. Two alternative routes have been recommended—one 372 miles, running east of the Noagarh Hills, and the other, fifteen to twenty miles shorter, running to the west of these hills. The cost of either line, it appears, would be about the same, and the country along both lines surveyed is pronounced to be "equal as regards population, fertility, productiveness, resources, trade, traffic, and political importance." The papers, sections, &c., have been forwarded to the Government of India.

THE total value of imports to British India from adjacent foreign countries for the first three months of the current financial year was Rs. 1,15,21,388, as against Rs. 1,05,23,015 during the corresponding period of last year. Of the countries with which the largest trade is done, Upper Burma and Zimmay show the largest increase, whilst the imports from Kashmere, Nepal, and Karennee show a decrease. The two countries with which the largest business was done were Nepal, whence the imports were valued at Rs. 44,10,710, and Upper Burma, from which they were valued at Rs. 35,66,348. The value of exports to the same countries fell from Rs. 2,54,34,664 last year to Rs. 2,33,39,772, the decrease being largest in the case of Kabul (nearly seventeen lakhs), Nepal, and Khelat, whilst there was an increase in the trade with Upper Burma, Karennee, and Siam.

THE following is the official summary of the reports on the weather and crops in Assam for the week ended the 2nd of November:—"No rain; cold-weather has set in; prospects of rice harvest good. Cholera reported in Sylhet, public health elsewhere good. Cattle-disease continues in Darrang, Nowgong, and Lakhimpur."

THE official summary of the North-West-Provinces weather and crop reports for the week ended on the 2nd Nov. states:—No rain fell, except a slight drizzle in Kumaun. Rain is wanted in Kumaun and Lucknow. Want of fodder is felt in Lucknow; otherwise prospects are good. The kharif harvest continues. With the exception of the kharif crops in Lucknow and the bajra crop in Partabgarh, the outturn is fair. Cholera is dying out. Cattle-disease continues in three districts.

MR. RIVERS THOMPSON is certainly a bold man, says the *Englishman*:—"His programme, it would appear, includes a careful cadastral survey of the whole province and a clear record of rights in every estate. Those who know best what a long job it is to survey the villages of a single district will best understand what a task it would be to survey separately every field or every holding in Bengal. Who would bear the necessary enormous cost, we are unable to say. As a survey could only settle boundaries which for the most part are not disputed, the advantage of the undertaking is somewhat doubtful. Indeed, it is not very clear what the object in view would be. That Government seriously intends to set the whole province on fire by starting throughout every district such inquiries as accompaany a resettlement of land revenue we cannot bring ourselves to believe; but if anything of the kind is attempted—for no such project will ever be completed—there is trouble in store for zemindars and officials alike, of which they will not soon see the end."

IT is doubtful, an up-country paper thinks, whether the advantages of the Post Office Savings Banks are as yet thoroughly appreciated by the classes whom they are intended to benefit. An inspection of sundry village post offices in the Meerut district shows that the only depositors are the postmaster himself and his "parkara," who, with laudable desire to popularise the institution, and prove their own zeal, have constrained themselves to make monthly deposits of a few annas, recorded with all due solemnity in pass books and other registers. Our contemporary adds:—The rate of interest is too small to attract the savings of small capitalists, who can obtain more profitable investments for their spare cash; whilst the poorer classes so generally live from hand to mouth, that any little extra money they may become possessed of will be more probably devoted to the obtaining a "square meal," or a few extra jewels, than to acquiring the dignity of a balance at the Post Office Bank.

LIEUT. D. FFOLIOTT POWELL, Rajputana-Malwa Volunteers, J. Company, Mhow, has been permitted to resign his commission, and will be succeeded by Mr. Little Hartt, Deputy Traffic Superintendent, Rajputana-Malwa Railway, Sabarmutti, who is under order of transfer to assume charge of the section of railway from Khundwa to Ajmere.

AS an indication of the views of Government respecting the permanent occupation of the advanced posts on the Sind frontier, a contemporary notes that orders have been issued to all regiments proceeding to Quetta in relief to take with them their recruits, drill instructors, and schoolmasters; while men of these classes belonging to corps remaining on the frontier are to be sent to join their respective regimental head-quarters.

A CORRESPONDENT sends to the Allahabad paper an account of his own experiences, with a friend in camp, at the time of the recent Meerut earthquake:—"We were camped in the village of Sarurpur, parganah Bagpath, Meerut district. At about 10-30 p.m. on Friday, the 10th instant, we were startled by a rapidly approaching rumbling sound, very like the sound of a railway train. There was time to listen and get over the first wild idea of its being a train broken loose, and to make an exclamation or two. The ground then shook violently. The sound seemed to come from under a corner of the camp, and shot rapidly away. Unfortunately we had no reliable time; but immediately, stepping out, we fixed the direction of approach to be from north by a half west (not north-east as reported from Meerut)."

HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJAH OF KASHMERE is expected to visit Sialkote to meet Sir Donald Stewart, the *Journal of the Anjuman-i-Punjab* says, and Mr. Henvey, of the Bengal Civil Service, Political Resident in Kashmere, has already arrived there as an *avant courier*.

A RANGOON correspondent writes to an up-country paper:—I hear that Mr. Jardine, Judicial Commissioner, intends applying for three months' privilege leave to England early in the new year. I have not yet heard who is to act for him in his absence; but it would hardly be worth while for any one in India to take up the post for such a short time, so it will probably go in the Burma Commission.

MR. FERNANDEZ, Curator of the Raffles Museum at Singapore, lately had a single combat *a outrance* with a large python or boa, 22 feet in length, that had been presented to the Museum by the Maharaja of Johore. The reptile escaped from his cage, and Mr. Fernandez found him coiled up behind an almirah, and pluckily "went for him." The snake struggled hard to bite or to get his advérsary within his terrible coils, but Mr. Fernandez succeeded in getting hold of his neck, and completely mastered him by emptying a bottle of carbolic acid down his throat. This fiery draught killed the python instantaneously, and Mr. Fernandez has his skin preserved as a trophy.

THE steamer Panay, which arrived at Singapore on Oct. 28, from Manila, brought information of a terrific typhoon that swept over that city on the 20th October, and, though it lasted but four hours, caused more destruction than the dreadful earthquake of 1863. "Whole streets were demolished, all the lightly built houses in the city being blown to pieces; houses, offices, and godowns were unroofed and filled with water from the torrents of rain that accompanied the typhoon; and many vessels were driven ashore, and others dismasted and wrecked while lying in the harbour. The extent of the damage is not yet known, but the losses in Manila alone are enormous, while it is feared the provinces have suffered very severely. Half the population of the city are homeless, and many others without roofs over their heads. The force of the wind was so great that the corrugated iron roofing, which has been largely used in rebuilding the city since the earthquake as less dangerous in such emergencies, flew in the air like sheets of paper, and nearly the whole population were mercilessly exposed to the fury of the storm, without even a stitch of dry clothing to put on when it was over."

H. M. S. FLY, Commander Hope, which left Singapore on Saturday, the 28th October, for Labuan and North Borneo, returned to that port on the 1st instant, in company with the American ship Sea Witch with which vessel she had been in collision shortly before 5 o'clock on the morning of Monday, the 30th October. The Fly was under steam at the time, and apparently crossing the bow of the Sea Witch (1,288 tons, Captain Drew, from Hongkong for New York), the bow of which vessel struck her on the port side amidships, carrying away the Fly's main shrouds, and doing some slight damage to the rail and one or two of the boats. The Sea Witch lost her jibboom and bowsprit and part of her figure-head. Both vessels bore up for Singapore to repair damages, those to the Fly being very slight, and capable of being repaired by their own carpenter and crew; but those of the Sea Witch are more serious and will delay her some days. Fortunately, there was but a faint breeze, or the Fly would probably have been cut in two. The Sea Witch claims compensation for deviation from her course and detention for repairs.

THE *Straits Times* of Nov. 6 says:—Cholera is still raging in certain parts of Borneo, as well as in Sourabaya, in parts of Sumatra, and the Philippines, and has now appeared in Bandjermissin, in South or Netherlands Borneo, and vessels thence will have to undergo quarantine on arrival here.

A DESPERATE affray took place recently at Shanghai between British and German sailors. The latter, who greatly outnumbered the British, and who also possessed the advantage of having sheath or clasp knives, used these weapons freely, with the result that no less than eight out of about twenty British seamen were more or less seriously wounded.

THE United States Government have sent a Minister to the Court of the King of Siam. The Minister, General Halderman, presented his credentials on Oct. 25, when the King received him graciously, and expressed a hope that the commercial relations between the two countries would be extended, to their mutual advantage.

THE Straits Government have recently made a sensible educational grant. In accordance with the suggestion of the Hon'ble Mr. Currie, they have decided upon granting five annual Industrial Scholarships of $180 each, to be awarded by competitive examination to Straits-born youths of all the schools, the scholarships to be tenable for four years. The successful candidates can select any particular industry, subject to the Governor's approval, but arrangements have been made with one of the dock companies to receive a certain number as apprentices, who will be thus enabled to enjoy a salary of 15 dollars per month in addition to what they may be allowed by their employers, conditionally upon regular and steady application, and upon entering into indentures for a fixed period. The first competitive examination will begin on the 13th December.

MILITARY NEWS.

THE Indian Government s. s. Tenasserim, 1,760 tons, Captain B. P. Creagh, sailed on the 18th instant for Rangoon *vid* Madras, with the following drafts *ex* troopship Crocodile:—One officer and 127 men of the 2nd Battalion Bedfordshire Regiment, and 4 officers and 187 men of the 2nd Battalion Middlesex Regiment.

THE question of establishing a separate field telegraph train for each of the Madras and Bombay Corps of Sappers is under consideration; and it has already been decided to supply them with such stores as may be necessary for instructional purposes. The question of the amount of transport to be allotted to the three corps is also under consideration.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL HUGHES returned to Calcutta by the steamer Maharani, which arrived there on Wednesday from Rangoon.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL DAVID WARD, Royal Engineers, Superintending Engineer, 1st class, Military Works, has returned to Calcutta from two years' furlough to England. Lieutenant-Colonel J. N. B. Hewett, Staff Corps, has also returned to Calcutta.

COLONEL T. T. W. HOGG, commanding the Royal Artillery in British Burma, has been obliged to go home for a year on medical certificate.

CAPTAIN R. J. H. WYLLIE, of the Commissariat, recently returned to Calcutta from furlough to England on medical certificate.

LIEUTENANT F. H. R. DRUMMOND, S. C., Squadron Officer, 11th (Prince of Wales' Own) Bengal Lancers, has returned to India from furlough, and proceeds to rejoin his regiment at Umballa.

LIEUTENANT [illegible] C., Officiating Deputy Assistan[illegible]al, second class, Calcutta, has be[illegible]salkote as Executive Commissa[illegible]tation.

BRIGADE SURGE[illegible]ainer of Medical Fund Accounts, [illegible]ers to retire.

SURGEON-MAJOR [illegible] temporary medical charge of [illegible] the 32nd Pioneers at Simla, [illegible], who accompanies the Viceroy[illegible]ncy's tour through the Punjab.

GOVERNMENT are said [illegible]ioned an allowance of Rs. 360 to [illegible]ed corps who have been transfer[illegible]n which a complete change of uniform [illegible]

As at present arranged the [illegible]ne proposed camp of exercise at Meean Meer, to be formed during the first week in December, will in addition to the troops in garrison there, be chiefly Cavalry and Artillery. So far as is at present known, there will be the 6th Dragoon Guards, the 10th Bengal Lancers, and L-A. Royal Horse Artillery, from Sialkot; and possibly the 15th Bengal Cavalry (Cureton's Multanis), from Multan, and B-1 Royal Artillery, from Ferozepore.

THE Carabineers and L-A. Royal Horse Artillery move from Sialkote to Meean Meer for field exercise during the winter. The King's Own Borderers, from Dugshai, and the Mountain Battery from Jutogh go to Umballa for the same purpose. The 2nd and 3rd Goorkhas concentrate at Meerut for field manœuvres.

AFTER a stay of some three years at Dum-Dum, the Border Regiment, now commanded by Colonel Dyson Laurie, left Dum-Dum on the morning of the 15th instant, *en route* to Agra, and will march the whole way up. Rather a novel use of the electric light was made to facilitate the departure of the regiment. At 3 a. m. the whole barrack square of the regiment was illuminated with the electric light, and with its aid tents were struck, baggage piled on carts, the regiment got under arms, and in the wonderfully short time of one hour from the reveillé the men were on the march.

THE Secretary of State has authorized the appointment of a Staff Officer to the Army Hospital Native Corps for the Bengal Army, on a salary of Rs. 350, rising to a maximum of Rs. 700 a month. The Staff Officer is always to be drawn from the Sub-Medical Department. Mr. Apothecary T. Hill will be the first tenant of the new appointment.

MAJOR BLOOD, R.E., has drawn up a series of tables of Military Engineering Equipment, prepared in consultation with the commandants of the Madras and Bombay Sappers Corps, and afterwards revised by some officers of the School of Military Engineering and officials of the Store Department of the India Office. The tables, which have been approved by the Government of India, comprise the equipments necessary for—(1) a company of sappers for general and hill service respectively; (2) flying bridge trains; (3) field telegraph train; (4) engineer field park for a division of all arms; (5) engineer equipment for siege trains; and (6) engineer stores to be maintained at sapper headquarters for instructional purposes and for local repairs. Appended to the tables is a detail of *personnel* for engineer field parks and siege train equipments.

REGIMENTAL officers serving with battalions in India, an up-country paper says, find that the new territorialization of regiments, and the recruiting of men from the town, county, or shire from which each regiment takes its name, is having a bad effect in this way: A man commits some trifling offence in cantonments or barracks, and instead of at once being reported for punishment to C. O. or Adjutant by his non-commissioned officer, it now frequently occurs that the said officer ignores and winks at the slackness and does not report minor offences. Both non-commissioned officer and private possibly lived, before enlistment, in the same street, in some out-of-the-way county town at home, and they will probably meet again in civil life at the end of their respective terms of service. On the non-commissioned officer's part there is natural reluctance to get an old village chum into serious trouble; and where much of such reluctance prevails amongst the non-commissioned officers of a regiment, there is inefficiency; while, on the part of the private, there is a presumption on old friendship and equal station in civil life, before and after service in the Army. In certain regiments, where crime prevails, there is also a tendency on the part of many of the men to threaten zealous non-commissioned officers with revenge after both non-commissioned officers and privates have returned to civil life.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 17.—The barometer has risen slightly over Burmah, Assam, and Bengal, and fallen a little elsewhere; readings high and above average over northern and central parts of the Peninsula, lowest over south-west of the Bay. The wind is between the north-east and east generally, but more northerly in Bengal; moderate in force. Weather clear except in Madras and Mysore, where the sky is cloudy and rain has fallen. There has been heavy rain in Nellore lately. To-day, Madras, 2 inches; Negapatam, 1½ inch; Masulipatam, ¾ inch. Previously, Nellore, 6½ inches; Madura, 1 inch; and Tuticorin ¾ inch.

COLLISION ON THE B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.

A SERIOUS accident occurred late on Saturday night on the B. B. and C. I. Railway. It appears that the driver in charge of the down goods-train went to sleep: consequently the train was not stopped at the Borwalee station in order that it might be ascertained if the line beyond was clear. The driver did not notice the danger signals that were put up, and the station-master at Borwalee shouted out to the engineman to stop the train, as an up goods-train had already left the station beyond. But the train moved on, and about one mile north of Borwalee it collided with the up goods-train. As there was a curve at the place where the accident happened, the driver of the uptrain could not see the other train approaching until it was too late to steam back. The collision was fearful; about eighteen waggons being completely smashed up, eight more, as well as both the engines, being seriously damaged. Fortunately, the accident was not attended with any loss of life, the engine-drivers and firemen having had an almost miraculous escape. Driver Duroux, of the down goods-train has, however, suffered some slight bruises. Mr. Duxbury, Traffic Manager, Mr. Carroll, Loco. Superintendent, and Mr. Tudball, Traffic Superintendent, went as soon as possible to the scene of the accident, where they found within the space of about twenty-five yards, of the line the smashed-up waggons lying in a huge pile. Immediate steps were taken to remove the *débris*, and in the meanwhile the passengers by the up and down trains were set down at the end and taken on to their destination by the train on the other side of the wreck. In consequence of this accident, the up passenger-and mail-trains yesterday were three hours late. The accident occurred at about eleven o'clock on Saturday night. Driver Duroux's defence appears to be that after leaving Andheri, he was attacked by fever and ague, and he therefore went to sleep, leaving the fireman in charge of the engine. The fireman was apparently not very wide-awake. Duroux bears an excellent character.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—Pre-eminently the Cod Liver Oil for use in India and in warm climates. Joseph J. Pope, Esq., late Staff-Surgeon, Army, writes: "I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of Dr. de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was from its uniformity of character particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The Oil of Dr. de Jongh places in every one's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized." Sold only in capsuled imperial half-pint, pints, and quarts, by all chemists, druggists, and storekeepers. Sole Consignees, Ansar, Harford and Co., 77, Strand, London.

THE BOMBAY HUNT.

(FROM OUR HUNTING CORRESPONDENT.)

THE last meet of the hunt was at Andheri, and though this is a long way from home, when morning broke about eighteen or twenty sportsmen had turned up. But as the daylight increased each man began to ask the other, what about the hounds? The Master is known to be very punctual, and a horrible suspicion arose that his watch was keeping Madras time, and that he had moved off up to the minute (5-45) without the field. This suspicion, however, was only entertained for a few minutes, as one gentleman declared he had heard the Master's horn wakening the echoes in Bandora at 5-45 (Madras time), and that he therefore could not have been at Andheri by that hour. Things began to look serious about six o'clock, when a countryman brought in the news that the hounds had broken from the Whip on the way out; and the question then was, where were we to look for them, and where was the Master? Almost immediately after the horn was heard on the other side of the railway, and in a few seconds in trotted the Master, followed by the hounds and the Whip, when the countryman's tale was confirmed. It appears that a jackal crossed the road in front of the hounds as Bell was bringing them out to the meet, and before they could be whipped off they were after him in full cry. Fortunately, the Master was not far off on his way out, and hearing the hounds break, was able to intercept them and get their noses up before they got away altogether; otherwise the Andheri meet, which is now pretty famous for disappointing the field, might have further added to its reputation.

Well, the hounds being there at last, as the morning was slightly spent the Master very wisely, I think, decided to draw Chackla covert. A move was accordingly made down the railway line to the old culvert, which we have threaded so often, but this year for the first time,; and shortly after being thrown into cover the hounds began to feather, and it was evident a varmint was on foot. After a little patient working one hound gave tongue well to the left, and before long the whole pack were speaking, but running slowly. They eventually bore right round by the western edge of the cover; then up on to the hill, and some of us thought we were off to Vehar, when a circle to the right was made, and jack took to cover again. He was apparently closely pressed, however, as he did'nt tarry five minutes before he broke with his nose in the right direction, the hounds settled down on to him in full cry, and we were making straight for the hills. The line was across the Andheri-Coorla road, over the hill, and into the valley behind Morole, just as hard as hounds and horses could lay feet to the ground. In the valley the hounds must have made up on the jack, because he turned right after about two miles, and faced the hill. The top reached, we were taken along the ridge for about another mile, when the jack was run into and killed in the open some distance beyond the Morole Caves. The run lasted, from find to finish, about five-and-thirty minutes without a view, and though there were one or two spills, almost the entire field were in at the death. For pace and pleasant country to cross, the run obtained could not be surpassed, and a nicer five-and-thirty minutes one could never wish for.

The meet on Wednesday morning is at Santa Cruz. Horses can be comfortably picketed there for the night, and those who wish to sleep in Bombay can secure seats in the break from Byculla or Mahlaksmi Chowkey and back by communicating with the Honorary Secretary to-day or to-morrow.

THE ORMISTON MEMORIAL FUND.

	Rs.	a.		Rs.	a.
Captain A. Russell..	30	0	Mr. Eduljee Hormusjee	1	0
Mr. J. Ryan	15	0	,, L. F. Henriques	1	0
,, Dorabjee Hormusjee	10	0	,, Goolab Sing	1	0
,, D. Cowasjee	5	0	,, Gumput Bal-krishna	1	0
,, Kasidas Jaikisondas	3	0	,, H. A. D'Silva	1	0
,, Nowrojee Furdoonjee	3	0	,, Bapoo Damajee.	1	0
,, A. Sorabjee	3	0	,, Goolab Balaram	1	0
,, Hormusjee Shapurjee.....	3	0	,, N. Hormusjee	1	0
,, Cowasjee Hormusjee	3	0	,, B. Cowasjee	1	0
,, Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy	2	0	,, Byajee Kristnajee	1	0
,, J. E. McGuire ..	2	0	,, Sheoshunker Pandurang	1	0
,, L. F. D'Souza ..	2	0	,, Michael D'Silva	1	0
,, Sashwant A. Lamaram	1	0	,, Hassanand Shamjee	1	0
,, J. D. Carvalho..	1	0	,, D. Gracias	1	0
,, K. B. Bhedwar..	1	0	,, Eyal Aboo	0	8
,, E. B. Patell....	1	0	,, L. C. Pereira	0	8
,, R. Waidjee	1	0	,, Abraham Solomon	0	8
,, Framjee Cursetjee	1	0	,, J. J. D'Souza.....	0	8
,, C. J. Bengalee ..	1	0	,, Heerji Antoba ..	0	8
,, Byramjee Cursetjee	1	0	,, D. D'Silva	0	8
,, Gunputrao Shewshunker ..	1	0	,, T. Cody	30	0
,, J. D. Fernandes	1	0	,, B. Farnham	25	0
,, C. C. Borges	1	0	,, Dr. Lisboa	25	0
,, F. A. D'Mello ..	1	0	,, R. McEwen	20	0
,, J. Fitzgerald

fatuous misapprehension and peevish old-womanly argumment. But all's well that ends well. The Government of India have no desire to descend to a controversy. They have accepted the latest official explanation in good faith, and have already, we understand, acknowledged it, expressing satisfaction that the local Government have yielded so far and the hope that they may soon see their way to yielding further. This is as it should be—in fact, this would have been the Supreme Government's reply had the local officials registered the temptation (which was a great sin) of smuggling the clever paragraph in point! Let us hope the Hon. the Senior Member retired will no longer trouble himself about this thankless business. Sir James Fergusson is, above everything, a gentleman, and we have little doubt that a few hours' quiet conversation with Mr. Gibbs will show that he has as good a reason as the Viceroy himself to complain of shabby treatment.—*Indian Spectator.*

MR. GIBBS AND THE EDUCATION COMMISSION.

As originally arranged, the Education Commission ought to be ready with their report by March next. But that is impossible—indeed the President has refused to be bound down to a limitation as to time. Such a volume and variety of information as the Commission has collected must take months to be properly assorted and analysed. The work can scarcely be finished before July, and it may take a month more before the Government have the document before them for practical consideration. That it will be worthy their closest attention we do not for a moment doubt, though what public good it is immediately to result in, no one is in a position to say. Our only regret is that Mr. Gibbs should be absent from India about the time. The Government are sure to miss him while discussing a question with which the Honourable gentleman has identified himself for so many years. With a counsellor like Mr. Gibbs by his side, Lord Ripon, himself a staunch advocate of education, might at once practically utilise the valuable information placed before him by Dr. Hunter and his colleagues. Cannot Mr. Gibbs stay here long enough to pick up health before returning to malarious Chowringhee, and thus avoid the necessity of going home, till he is called to the India Council? But we half think the report of the Commission will not be ready before 1883 is nearly out, and before that Mr. Gibbs will have returned.—*Indian Spectator.*

THE PHARMACY BILL.

THE Government of Bombay is perfectly justified in its action with regard to the regulation of the sale of poisonous drugs. Some special legislation of the kind proposed by Mr. Ravenscoft was much needed; and if, while preventing the sale of poisons by ignorant men, it causes no hardship to the qualified seller, the Act will do everything the public and the authorities deem necessary.—*Indian Spectator.*

THE sad and not unfrequent loss of valuable human lives taking place in the city and mainly caused by the negligence, stupidity, or utter ignorance of the requirements of their calling by druggists and compounders, is well known, as also that every time that an important member of a family or other citizens happens to fall a victim to the blunder of some such worthy, the demand for an Act preventing them all from being easily able to continue their dangerous practice is loud and general. The public, European and Native, will, therefore, equally applaud the determination of the authorities to legislate in a matter in which some legislation of the kind now proposed has been a long and widely felt desideratum. The proposal of the Government will the more readily commend itself to the native community since special care is taken in the Bill to provide that on its being passed into law, in its present or in a modified shape, it may not be made applicable to the Native Vaidhs and Hakeems and others who, with all their faults and shortcomings, are a blessing to the masses of poor people in the city as cheap, solacing, and readily available medical advisers and dispensers of medicine in cases of ordinary ailments and diseases.—*Bombay Chronicle.*

AGRICULTURAL BANKS.

THE introduction of land-banks and the suspension of revenue collection under unfavourable circumstances may do something towards the ryot's relief, but the central disease of his dilapidated condition will still remain untouched. In his changed circumstances he will have to meet as formerly the calls of the banks in the place of those of the Marwaree, and the calls of the Sirkar with interest when the collection of revenue happens to be suspended. Under these circumstances therefore there remains no encouragement for him to improve his land because at the end of his periodical settlement the Revenue Survey Officer is sure to increase the assessment and thus take away the benefit of his improvements. We are not to be understood to say that the contemplated arrangements will give the ryot no relief; we only fear the relief so held out may prove too small to make our agricultural classes solvent. We devoutly hope that the consideration of the institution [illegible] MACHINERY.

[illegible] inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs CRAW[illegible]cted to sell by public Auction at [illegible]n Custom House, a quantity of [illegible] application to the undersigned.

[illegible]ber, 1882. CRAWFORD & Co.

INSURANCES.

[illegible] OFFICE, LONDON.
[illegible]BLISHED 1710.
[illegible] upon Merchandise, Warehouse [illegible]d their contents, in Bombay and [illegible] rates.
[illegible]e local Agents, and paid with [illegible]
PE[illegible]ASSELS & Co., Agents.

ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE CORPORATION.—Policies covering the risk of Fire on Merchandise and Buildings in Bombay are issued by
REMINGTON & Co.,
Agents, Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation.
Bombay, 16th August, 1875.

THE NORTHERN FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL, £3,000,000. ESTABLISHED 1836.
INSURANCE effected upon almost EVERY DESCRIPTION of PROPERTY in BOMBAY or the MOFUSSIL. For rates apply to
FRAMJEE, SANDS & Co.,
Agents.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY
FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE.
CAPITAL—£2,500,000.
FUNDS EXCEED—£1,950,000.
THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and also accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous Rates.
WALLACE & Co., Agents,
4, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, Limited,
IS the FIRST PUBLIC COMPANY established in India, to provide Security against Losses arising through dishonesty of persons holding situations of trust; and to obviate the inconvenience and defects of Suretyship by Private Bondsmen.
The Security of the Association is now generally adopted for European and Native Officer under Government and Public Companies.
Friends and Relations are relieved of the fear of those pecuniary losses to which persons are exposed who become responsible for the acts of others.
Moderate rates according to the nature of the Employment on the amount of security required.
Premiums periodically reduced.
For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, apply to
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I. A.,
9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Secretary.

NOTICES.

SALVATION ARMY.

HINDEE THEATRE, corner of Grant and Falkland Roads.—Meetings EVERY EVENING at 5 p.m.
SALVATION TENT, Crawford Market.—Meetings daily at 7-30 a.m. and 8 p.m.
MAJOR TUCKER.
Head-quarters, Salvation Army, Bombay.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 42, MEADOW STEET, FORT, BOMBAY.

G. D. ANGELIS, CONFISEUR,
MAISON FRANCAISE, MOUNT ROAD, MADRAS,
BEGS to inform the public that he is prepared to EXECUTE and FORWARD large orders for BALLS, SOIREES, DINNER and GARDEN PARTIES, &c., at shortest notice, and that he has always in stock a varied assortment of FRENCH and ITALIAN CONFECTIONERY, all kinds of bonbons, chocolat à la crême, chocolat praliné, bride-cake ornaments, centre-pieces, and boxes, cosaques and bonbonnieres.
Café D'Angelis in 1 lb. tins, with directions for making.
Chocolat D'Angelis in cakes.
Compote d'ananas, prepared by G. D' Angelis.
Rich bride-cakes, christening, and hand-somely decorated cakes made to order and sent safely to any part.
European attendance at large soirees by special arrangement.
Syrups prepared by G. D'Angelis—Raspberry Pine-apple, Tamarind, Argeât, Gum, &c.
Prices moderate; terms cash; price-list on application.
Established 1880.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY.
SALE OF 3 CAST HORSES.
THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 20th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by public auction at their sale room by order of the ex-Commissariat Officer Presidency—3 Cast Cavalry Horses. Also on the same at Commissariat Store Town Barracks. Articles of provisions and dead stock.
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.
Bombay, 20th November, 1882.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.
USUAL AUCTION SALE.
THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 20th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by public auction at their rooms—
10 bales grey shirtings.
10 ,, ,, dhoties.
12 cases coloured prints.
4 ,, white jacconets.
2 ,, 12 marble slabs, round, 3 feet in diameter and oblong 4 feet by 2 feet.
2 ,, sculptured works in marble, representing fruits, eggs, dogs, lions, and turtles, also chess-board, card trays, watch stands, tobacco tubs, piano candlestands, soap boxes, &c.
An invoice of superior oleographs of sizes in gilt frames.
10 boxes champagne.
2 cases assorted paint in 5 lbs. tins.
2 ,, dry paint in 1 lb. packets.
On account and at the risk of Mowjee Tricumdass—
17 bales grey dhoties 9 and 10 yd. 40 in., 9 yd. 42 in., 10 yd. 42 and 49 in. and 11 yd. 49 in.
On account of the concerned—
10 bales grey shirtings.
74 pieces scarlet black and yellow prints, s. w. damaged.
14 bales grey shirtings mildewed.
3 bales grey shirtings s. w. damaged.
1 case prints s. w. damaged.
4 bales grey jacconets.
6 cases prints s. w. damaged.
AT 2 P. M.
A handsome boat-shaped brand new landau.
A new oak painted pony cart.
A new office shigram.
1 dog-cart.

SALE OF PHOTOGRAPHIC KIT.
TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 21st inst., at 2 p.m., CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at their rooms, the Photographic kit of a photographer closing his business, comprising camera with portrait lense, 14 by 14, by A. Ross, another camera with portrait lense full size, by Vallantine and Lerebours. Kinnear bellows camera for view with Grubel's Aplantic lense, 10 by 8, half size portrait camera with No. 1 B long focus lense by Dallmeyer, carte de visite portrait camera with lense by Lerebours, enlarging and copying camera, consisting of a mahogany case with sliding body at each end. It can be used for reducing transparent positives, either on ground or opal glass, with double lense, 19 by 8, portrait camera, W. W. Rouch, patent box tent for working plates, 10 by 8, camera stands, iron head rests, glass and porcelain baths, dippers, pressure frames, rolling machine, vignette glasses, backgrounds, scales and weights, mortar and pestles, measures, funnels, developing glasses, diamond glazier glass plates from 4½ by 3½ to 12 by 10, plate boxes, carte de visit portrait albums, stereoscopes, landscape lense, a complete set of pocket camera, chemical preparations, albumenized papers by Richard W. Thomas, &c., &c.
The kit is on view.
On FRIDAY next, the 24th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at No. 7, Clare-road, Byculla, the valuable and handsome french polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a mahogany square pianoforte by John Broadwood and Sons, lamps, pictures, &c., the property of a gentleman.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANED PROPERTIES AT BELGAUM.
Under instructions from the Administrator-General, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises at Belgaum, the undermentioned houses belonging to the late estate of the late Dr. Samuel Kent Parson, and situate in the Cantonment at Belgaum:—

Lot No.	House No.	Locality.
1	45	Left Flank Native Infantry Lines.
2	47	Do.
3	48	Do.
4	49	Do.
5	50	Do.
6	67	Artillery & European Infy. Lines.
7	72	Do.
8	73	Do.
9	64	Right Flank Native Infy. Lines.
10	66	Do.

The sale will be held on FRIDAY and SATURDAY, the 24th and 25th days of November, 1882, at 3 p.m. each day. The first five houses will be sold on the first day and the remaining five on the second day of sale.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned at their office in

[illegible]ber, 1882.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£800,000
LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—52 THREADNEEDLE STREET E.C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.
CHARLES LOWELL, Manager.
1, Rampart Row, W.

THE AGRA BANK (LIMITED)
CAPITAL—£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND—£170,000.
BOMBAY BRANCH.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and interest allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.
GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.
All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK
ING CORPORATION.
PAID UP CAPITAL .....Dollars 5,000,000
RESERVE FUND .....Dollars 2,350,000
HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.
BOMBAY AGENCY.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and Interest allowed: Fixed Deposits received on the following terms, viz.:—
Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal. Interest at 5 per cent. per annum,
6 do. do. do. 4 do. do.
For shorter periods special arrangements can be made on terms to be ascertained on application.
All letters to be addressed and remittances made payable to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.
J. M. GRIGOR, Acting Agent.

NOTICES.

THOMSON & TAYLOR'S
FINE OLD COGNAC BRANDY,
FULLY matured and of very delicate flavour, can be highly recommended as pure and genuine spirit.
Price, Rs. 36 per dozen.

ST. JULIEN MEDOC CLARET;
AN excellent breakfast wine and good value for money.
Quarts Rs. 11 per doz.
Pints ,, 6 ,,

LONDON CLUB SHERRY,
IS a fine old Wine, very soft and dry.
Rs. 28 per doz.

THOMSON & TAYLOR,
5, RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

SPARKLING
AERATED
WATERS.
THOMSON & TAYLOR solicit attention to the superior quality of the AERATED WATERS manufactured at their establishment.
The Water is subjected to a most perfect system of filtration before use, ensuring their purity and healthfulness.
New and powerful Machines have lately been erected in the Laboratory to charge the waters with gas at a high pressure, rendering them in the highest degree sparkling and agreeable.

	Rs. a.
Soda Water ... ...per dozen	0 12
Tonic Water ... ... ,,	1 0
Seltzer Water... ... ... ,,	1 0
Lemonade and Gingerade ... ,,	1 0
Ginger Ale ... ... ,,	1 8
Raspberryade... ... ... ,,	1 0
Aerated Water ... ... ,,	0 12
Potash Water ... ... ,,	0 12
Lithia Water... ... ... ,,	1 8
Vichy Water ... ... ,,	1 4

THOMSON & TAYLOR,
CHEMISTS AND MANUFACTURERS OF AERATED WATERS,
5, RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

THE
DEWAN'S PICKLE,
A CONDIMENT of rare excellence; prepared under state supervision from the choicest Indian Fruits. The most delicious combination yet produced. As an adjunct to Meat, Fowl, Fish, Curries, Pilaus, Macaronis, &c., &c., it cannot be equalled, imparting an exquisite zest to the plainest food and reviving the most jaded appetite.
Per Jar Re. 1.
SOLE AGENTS,
KEMP & CO., Limited,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE.
(The property of Mr. W. WISEMAN, Exec.-Engineer, D. P. W., Poona.)
A 450 D. B. EXPRESS RIFLE by Rigby with pair of 16 bore shot barrels fittings same stock, both in oak case, and complete with all the usual fittings, &c. Cost 100 guineas when new, and has scarcely been used. Price, Rs. 650. Apply to Messrs. Ludha Ebraim & Co., Poona.

BERENAG TEA COMPANY, ALMORAH.
NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. J. H. DE LORD formerly an assistant to the above Company, was DISMISSED from the Company's employment in August last. Neither Mr. de LORD nor the Calcutta Tea Agency has any CONNEXION with the above Company. All orders for this Company should be addressed to "the Manager, Berenag Estates, Almorah Kumaon, N. W. P."
DIGNAM & ROBINSON,
Attorneys for the Company.
4, Strand, Calcutta.
Calcutta, 14th Nov. 1882.

FOR SALE, MANILLA and OILED COIR ROPE and CORDAGE. Apply to
OWEN & OKELL,
Agents to W. H. HARTON & Co., Calcutta.
Apollo Street, Bombay.

P. GRANT & SON,
SADDLERS
AND
HARNESS-MAKERS
31, MEADOW STREET,
BOMBAY.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL AND PINTO'S HOTEL, MATHERAN.
MR. J. X. PINTO, son and successor of the late J. C. PINTO, the Proprietor of the both well-known Hotels, respectfully begs to inform the public that the above Hotels are now OPENED to VISITORS. There are seven separate Bungalows attached to the Hotels, well adapted for families, for whose comforts every care is taken. The Hotels are well situated, occupy a central position, and are therefore very conveniently placed within the reach of several POINTS and Gymkhana, midway between the churches and the Government Offices, Library, &c., and in a breezy locality under the shade of large trees, which diminish the glare and keep the extensive compound always fresh and cool,
Trusting in the experience of more than a dozen years in the management of the Hotels under his late father, he solicits that he will receive the same patronage which the public have hitherto generously shown to his late father.

POSITIVE GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., Limited.
BONUS AND DIVIDEND TO 1881.
BONUS WARRANTS ARE NOW READY FOR DELIVERY TO *POLICY-HOLDERS* UNDER CURRENT AND LAPSED POLICIES, THE LATTER RECEIVING ON THE POSITIVE, NOTES EXTANT. The Bonus on each Assurance amounts to Rs. 5-8 for Rs. 1,000 for each year in force. Dividend Warrants at 6 per cent. per annum are also ready for issue to Indian *Shareholders.*
All the interested who have not yet received their respective Warrants are requested to apply for same to A.B. ANTRAM, Esq., Manager in India, 104, Clive-street, Calcutta.
PELLY & Co.,
Bombay, 22nd September, 1882. Agents.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.
Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.
UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.
IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND
And a complete mitigator of Pain,
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE-BITES.
AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM.
Has no equal
AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA,
Or any sort of Bowel Complaint, it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.
Full Directions accompany each bottle.
Retailed by chemists all over the world.
Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars.
GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY
ESUFALLY HIPTOOLA,
No. 9, Pir Market near Jumma Musjid.

HARMONIUMS.

A VERY EXTENSIVE and VARIED STOCK by the following eminent makers:—

ALEXANDER ET FILS, Paris.
CHRISTOPHE and ETIENNE, Paris.
GERARD ADAM, Wessel.
TRAYSER, Stuttgart.
SCHIEDMAYER, Stuttgart.
BUSSON, Paris.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LISTS FREE ON APPLICATION.

SOUNDY & COMPANY, LD., BOMBAY.

WHISKEY, WHISKEY.

THOMSON and TAYLOR'S blend of fine old Campbelton and Glen Isla ranks amongst the finest of Whiskies imported into this country. It is a rich, mellow, and soft spirit genuine, and wholesome. A trial is solicited from all who appreciate

A REALLY GOOD SOUND WHISKEY PEG.

Shipments arrive regularly direct from the distillers, so that Clubs and Messes can be promptly supplied. Price per dozen Rs. 23; per bottle Rs. 2, cash.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
5, RAMPART-ROW,
BOMBAY.

MRS. LAKE,

MILLINER, DRESS-MAKER, SILK MERCER, AND LADIES' OUTFITTER.

OTTOMAN SILKS. TRIMMED HATS.
OTTOMAN BROCHE. TRIMMED BONNETS.
OTTOMAN RIBBONS. FRENCH FLOWERS.
FRENCH FEATHERS.

MRS. LAKE,
"UXBRIDGE HOUSE,"
No. 7, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

OLD VATTED GLENLIVET WHISKY
(Registered Trade Mark.)
GOLD PRIZE MEDAL, LONDON EXHIBITION, 1873.
BOTTLED in Shippers' own Bonded Stores, Edinburgh, under the supervision of H. M.'s Custom
Each bottle guaranteed to contain the sixth part of an imperial gallon; each case of twelve bottles, two imperial gallons.
The above is the only registered brand of Glenlivet for Old Vatted Glenlivet Whisky being offered in India.
Traders and the Public generally are respectfully cautioned against other brands of so-called Glenlivet Whisky now being largely advertised.
The under-noted duly registered brands for sale at the godowns of—

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
BOMBAY.
AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

Cash. Rs.		Credit. Rs.
21	... Old Vatted Glenlivet	... 22
23	... Old Vatted Glenlivet, Special Reserve	... 24

PIANOFORTES
AS UNDER FOR SALE OR HIRE OR ON THE TWELVE MONTHS PURCHASE SYSTEM.

A FRESH SHIPMENT of the following just to hand:—
THE SYMPATHETIC GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE,
Solid Mahogany, Rs. 850
SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE'S (OF STUTTGART) GRAND SQUARE SYMPATHETIC PIANOFORTE,
In Solid Rosewood, Rs. 750.
R. LIPP & SON'S GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE,
In Solid American Walnut or Rosewood, Rs. 650 and Rs. 750.
A LARGE VARIETY OF OTHER PIANOS ON HAND.
N.B.—All the above have Iron Frames, and are warranted to stand the Indian climate
FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION.

S. ROSE AND CO.,
10, RAMPART-ROW,
BOMBAY

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,
WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, CHAINMAKERS, &c.,
BOMBAY & CALCUTTA.

WE continue to receive regular weekly shipments of our well-known
CHEAP SILVER LEVER WATCHES.
It is now about 16 years since we introduced these Watches in this country. During this time their quality has been unceasingly improved by our manufactory year for year, so that they are now unquestionably by far superior to Watches generally sold in India at considerably higher rates.
These watches are always in stock:—

In open-faced silver cases	Rs 25
Do. hunting ,,	,, 26*
Do. half-hunting ,,	,, 27*

The Watches marked * are also in stock in extra heavy sterling silver cases and of superior finish, at Rs. 35.
—GUARANTEE ONE YEAR—POSTAGE FREE.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.

THACKER & COMPANY, LD.

BOOKS. STATIONERY.
PICTURES. INDIAN
ARTISTS' PHOTOGRAPHS.
MATERIALS.
TRAVELLERS' BINOCULARS.
REQUISITES. ALBUMS.
'XMAS CARDS. LEATHER GOODS.

SUNDRY GOODS IN VARIETY.

THACKER AND COMPANY, LD.
OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY TOWER, BOMBAY.
Telephone Number 58.

TEMPLE BAR R[illegible]AURANT.

GRAND PROMENA[illegible] CONCERTS
UNDER THE DIRECTION OF P[illegible] MORITZ SIEGL.
THE MANAGER of TEMPLE BAR [illegible]nounce to the public that he has secured the services of a company of t[illegible]es, just arrived from Europe, who will give a series of GRAND PROMENADE [illegible] EVERY EVENING (Sundays excepted). The following is the programme for
TO-NIG[illegible]

1.	MARCH	Liebich.
2.	OVERTURE	Le Cocq.
3.	WALTZ	Koschat.
4.	POTPOURRI	Stasny.
5.	MAZURKA	Faust.
6.	GAVOTTE	Gibulka.
7.	OVERTURE	Suppe.
8.	WALTZ	Waldteufel.
9.	POLKA	Wachter.
10.	GALOP	Faust.

ADMISSION T[illegible]
Com[illegible]

NOTICES.

CABUL FIELD SERVICE T[illegible]
WEIGHING 80 lbs., Price Rs. [illegible], and at short notice on application by remittance in full, to
The AGENT ELGIN MILLS COMPANY,
CAWNPORE.

BEST INVALID'S PORT.—This wine carefully selected and guaranteed as of [illegible] quality, and specially recommended for Invalids, Convalescents. Per dozen Quarts, cash Rs. [illegible] Pints, cash Rs. 14. Single bottle as [illegible]. Trial order is solicited. D. FERNANDES & [illegible] ing and Family Chemists, Fort, Bombay.

YARN DYED KHAKI DRILL.
THE MUIR MILLS COMPANY, [illegible]
Cawnpore, have a large stock of [illegible] lities and shades as approved for [illegible] pean and Native Troops. Samples [illegible] on application to
MANAGER.
Messrs. W. WATSON & Co., [illegible]

SCOTT & C[illegible]
VETERINARY [illegible]
HORSE EXAMINA[illegible]
Rs. 10; Examination [illegible] Horses standing at livery [illegible] mon, including horse [illegible] bought and sold Rs. 10. [illegible] buying and selling of horse[illegible] Horses broken to single [illegible] (single Rs. 15, double Rs. [illegible] under the management of [illegible] Farrier, and every class o[illegible]

LAWN-TENNIS [illegible]
LAWN-TENNIS [illegible] made under personal [illegible] materials:—
1. Lawn-Tennis Bats (carved o[illegible]
2. Racquet do.
3. Badminton (Gent's or Lady's)
4. Lawn-Tennis Nets
5. Badminton Nets
6. Shuttlecocks
7. Riding & Walking Canes
8. Walking Canes
Cock handle and fancy [illegible] ordered. Prize Medal [illegible] Racquets received Jo[illegible]
Apply to
JAMES [illegible]
STEPHENS & CO
[illegible]GOW IRON WORKS,
BOMBAY.
[illegible] &c.
WORKS
SITUATED BE[illegible] AND R. B. N.
ADJOINING [illegible]

WE have THIS DAY COMMENCED BUSINESS [illegible]
JAMES BOWCOCK.
JAMES STEPHENS.

FOR SALE
AT
JAFFER SULLIMAN'S BAZAAR:
A VERY handsome bay Arab PONY, can carry a Lady and bit good action.
An elegant, single seated, office BROUGHAM, built in our own Establishment.
An English-built [illegible] stylish BAROUCHE, by Lewis Fulker, of Salisbury.
A light circular-fronted BROUGHAM, built at the Royal Carriage Gallery of New Bond-street, in London.

NOTICE.
WE have THIS DAY TAKEN OVER the whole of the STOCK of SEWING-MACHINES of Messrs. CHAS. ZERENNER & Co., of Bombay, and are prepared to attend to all Orders and Communications respecting the same.
H. A. GEYER & CO.,
6, Elphinstone-circle, Fort, Bombay.
Bombay, 21st October, 1882.

WE beg to inform our Constituents and the Public in general that WE have from THIS DATE HANDED OVER the whole of our STOCK of SEWING-MACHINES to Messrs. H. A. GEYER & Co., of Bombay, to whom all Orders and Communications respecting the same should be addressed in future.
C. ZERENNER & CO.,
4, Elphinstone-circle, Fort, Bombay.
Bombay, 21st October, 1882.

LITTLE'S
SOLUBLE PHENYLE
IS THE ONLY TRUE DEODORISER.
COSTS LESS THAN FOUR PIE FOR ONE GALLON.
"RICH MAN'S FRIEND."
"POOR MAN'S SLAVE."
A WONDER-WORKING AGENT.
Samples per V. P. P.
PAMPHLETS FREE OF ALL AGENTS.

GEO. BAIRD & CO.
No. 63, MOWDY BAY, FACING TRAMWAY LINE.
To be had—BOMBAY: TREACHER & CO. KEMP & CO., B. PHILLIPS & CO., THOMSON & TAYLOR, BOLTON & CO., M. RENNARD, JAMES PEARSE, BARTON & CO., W. J. ESSAI, D. FERNANDES & CO., B. S. MADON & CO., B. K. NANDODKAR, H. F. OOTTUNWALLA, and LAWSON & Co.
AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.
IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 269 of 1882.
SEWRAJ GUNGAJUR of Bombay, Hindoo, residing in a house at Mandvi Bunder, without the Fort of Bombay .....Plaintiff,
vs.
DUNCAN MACFADYEN, of Bombay, European, carrying on business in Bombay under the name, style and firm of D. Macfadyen and Company .....Defendant.
WHEREAS by a DECREE made in the above suit on the First Day of August, 1882, it was ordered that the defendant should pay to the plaintiff the sum of Rupees eight thousand one hundred and sixty-eight, annas four and pies two for debt and interest and the costs of this suit when taxed and further simple interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum upon the amount of the said judgment from the date of the said decree until payment.
AND WHEREAS by a warrant of attachment of movable property dated the Third day of August, 1882, the following movable property *inter alia* was attached, namely, three butts of whisky marked D, McF. and Co., towards satisfaction of the said decree.
Now it is hereby PROCLAIMED and NOTIFIED that on MONDAY, the 20th day of November, 1882, at twelve o'clock noon, under and by virtue of a Warrant for sale, dated the 5th day of October 1882, will be put up for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Customs Bonded Warehouse, Fort, all the right, title, and interest of the Defendant in the moveable property aforesaid or so much thereof as shall be necessary for the satisfaction of the said Decree.
Each lot to be paid for at the time of sale.
For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff.—Dated this 3rd day of November, 1882.
W. S. HEWETT,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Messrs. PAYNE and GILBERT, Attorneys for plaintiff.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION,
SUIT NO. 67 OF 1880.
KESSOWJI GOTTAJEE, of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, residing at Duncan-road, in house No. 85, without the Fort of Bombay ...Plaintiff.
vs.
RAMABAI, widow of NARAYEN POWANJEE GAWAND, deceased, RADHABAEE, widow of MADHOWRAO NARAYEN, deceased, all of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitants, residing at Ghogaree Moholla, in house No. 38, outside the Fort of Bombay, DAMODHUR NARRAYEN, of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitants, now in Her Majesty's County Jail at Bombay, NANA NARAYEN, of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, residing at Duncan-road, in house, No. 12, KASINATH MADHOWRAO and DADAJEE MADHOWRAO and RAGHOONATH DAMODHUR, minors, by their guardian adlitem LAWRENCE A. WATKINS, Esq.—Defendants.
PURSUANT to the DECREE made in the above suit, and bearing date the Twenty-seventh day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty, the following immoveable property will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION in one lot before CHARLES EDWARD FOX, Esq., Commissioner of this Honourable Court, at his Office in the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, the Twenty-ninth day of November, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-two, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon.
PARTICULARS.
All the estate and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiff Kesshow Gottajee, and of the abovenamed Defendants, Ramabai, widow, Radhabai, widow, Damodhur Narayen, Nana Narayen, Kasinath Madhowrao, Dadajee Madhowrao, and Raghoonath Damodhur or any of them in all that piece or parcel of land or Government ground with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house built thereon, situate on the north side of Parell Row, in the sub-district of Bhoolehwar, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement Four Hundred and Forty-one and Five-ninth square yards or thereabouts, and which said land is assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. 75 and 76, and by the Municipality under Nos. 17 and 18, and is bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the north by the sweeper's passage, on or towards the south by the Parell Row, on or towards the east by the vacant ground of the late Narayen Poman Gawad, and on or towards the west by the house of Goolam Hoosein Cassumjee, and which said land and premises were formerly in the occupation of the said Ramabai, widow, and are now in the occupation of Damodhur Narayen and his tenants.
For further particulars and conditions of sale, application may be made at the Office of the Commissioner and at the Office of Messrs. Chalk and Walker, Attornies for the Plaintiff, 17, Church-gate-street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 27th day of September, 1882.
CHARLES E. FOX, Commissioner.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.
THE undersigned is prepared to receive TENDERS up to noon (B. T.) on MONDAY, the 4th December next, for the LOADING, UNLOADING and STACKING of STORES and MATERIALS, including SHUNTING and MARSHALLING of WAGONS, the Company's General Stores Depot at Parell for one year, from 1st January next.
2. Particulars of the supplies estimated to be so required, with forms and conditions on which only Tenders will be considered, may be obtained from the Company's Store-keeper, Colaba, on and after the 20th instant.
3. The undersigned is to be at liberty to select any one or more items from any Tender without reference to the other items on the same Tender, and the tenderer shall be bound to supply the same at the tender rate.
4. The undersigned, however, does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
5. Each tender must be accompanied by the Head Cashier's receipt for one thousand rupees deposit, which will be returned to those whose tenders are not accepted.
T. W. WOOD, Agent.
Company's Offices, Fort, Bombay, 14th November, 1882.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership hitherto subsisting between the undersigned, COWASJEE JAMSETJEE JUSSAWALLA, DHUNJIBHOY JAMSETJEE JUSSAWALLA, and RUTTONJEE JAMSETJEE JUSSAWALLA, carrying on business as merchants and general shop-keepers at Bombay, under the name and style of JAMSETJEE COOVERJEE'S SONS, and at Lahore, Ferozpore, Mian-Meer, Seelkote, Jullunder, Delhi, and Kashmere, under the name and style of JAMSETJEE'S SONS, has THIS DAY been DISSOLVED by mutual consent.
ALL DEBTS due by and to the Partnership will be paid and received by the undersigned, COWASJEE JAMSETJEE JUSSAWALLA alone.
COWASJEE JAMSETJEE JUSSAWALLA.
DHUNJEEBHOY JAMSETJEE JUSSAWALLA.
RUTTONJEE JAMSETJEE JUSSAWALLA.
Bombay, 10th November, 1882.

WITH reference to the foregoing notice the undersigned COWASJEE JAMSEJEE JUSSAWALLA will carry on the business of the late partnership at the several places aforesaid, under the same names and styles, jointly with his sons, EDULJEE COWASJEE JUSSAWALLA and BAZOJEE COWASJEE JUSSAWALLA, whom he has admitted partners.
COWASJEE JAMSETJEE JUSSAWALLA.
Bombay, 11th November, 1882.

THE NILGIRI RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT, No. VI OF 1882.
CAPITAL RS. 18,00,000.
(WITH POWER TO INCREASE AND DEBENTURE POWERS.)
In 18,000 shares of Rs. 100 each. Payment as follows:—
Rs. 10 on application.
,, 30 on allotment, and
,, 60 in instalments as required at the discretion of the Directors.
Interest guaranteed by the Government of India at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum for two years (during construction) and 4 per cent. for five years after the line is open.

DIRECTORS.
Sir W. W. ARBUTHNOT, *